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e 6, Number 1763

: pledges

ort for Sudan st Libya

Sept. 19 (R) - Egypt

ibya today of aggres-

1st Sudan and pledged

i support for Sudan,

al Middle East News

(MENA) reported.

Minister of State for

Affairs Boutros Ghali

dan's ambassador

insidered last week's

iombing of Sudan by

rcraft proof of aggres-

entions by Libyan

nl. Muammar Qadh-

n complained to the

ations Security Coun-

hursday that Libyan

used in neighbouring

id bombed western

Egypt will firmly sup-

in against any aggres-AENA quoted Dr.

ıman Soliman.

h interest

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ept. 19 (R) - France

tightened foreign controls and decided

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1 interest rate here for

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AMMAN, SUNDAY SEPTEMBER 20, 1981 - DUL QAIDA 22, 1401

to counter U.S.-Israeli strategy

the Damascus broadcast.

ernments to reconsider relations

with America "in all fields" in

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Israel to hang on to old guns

when autonomy talks resume

# Badran meets Jordan-PLO team

AMIMAN, Sept. 19 (Petra) - Ways of developing Jordanian-Palestinian relations were discussed at a meeting today between Prime Minister Mudar Badran and the Jordanian Palestinian Joint Committee for Supporting the Steadfastness of the Inhabitants of the Occupied Arab Territories.

The joint committee and Mr. Badran held a general assessment of current Arab affairs and future joint Arab action. They stressed the need further to strengthen Arab solidarity, with the aim of serving

Arab causes in accordance with the basic principles endorsed by Arab summh meetings. They also stressed the need for more ways to support Arab inhabitants under Israeli rule, with the aim of boosting their steadfastness in the face of

Israel's oppressive measures. The joint committee, meeting in Amman over the past few days, has decided to establish a national welfare fund in the occupied territories to undertake the support of employees and workers in the area.

TEL AVIV, Sept. 19 (R) - Israel will have no new proposals to present when talks on Palestinian autonomy reconvene in Cairo next week, chief negotiator Yosef Burg said Arab front to upgrade Soviet ties today.

> He told an Israel Radio interviewer that Israel would put forward its former positions, which were rejected by Egypt.

"If our previous proposals were good ones, there is no need to come with new ones. At any rate. we do not have any better prop-

accords between Israel and Egypt.

without making progress until Egypt suspended them in Mav 1980. But Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin and Egyptian President Anwar Sadat agreed last month to resume the negotiations. Dr. Burg said Israel was offer-

ing the Palestinians 80 per cent self-rule. "We brought a model that

#### handicapped people. play clandestine game **Springboks** Hounded

RACINE, Wisconsin, Sept. 19 (Agencies) - The South African rugby team played the opening game of a U.S. tour today with only minor inconvenience from a handful of anti-apartheid protesters who found the secret venue.

The South Africans slipped dawn to drive 110 kilometres north across the Wisconsin border Unity (OAU) for a sporting boy-

ground at the edge of Lake Michigan. They apparently used secret passwords at checkpoints to find their way to the venue.

A crowd of about 250 saw the Springbok side trounce a Midwest team by 46-12.

U.S. rugby officials had insisted away from Chicago soon after the match go ahead despite a call by the Organisation of African.

to the town of Racine to play on a cott against the Unned States. It was not immediately clear whether the boycott was to include the 1984 Olympics in Los Angeles. (Related story on page 7)

activities of the administrative

The other 20 per cent con-

cerned security and foreign rela-

tions which Israel intended to

keep under its own control, Dr.

"These are matters, especially

the question of security, which are

matters of life and death for us

which are in a category which has

interpretation on autonomy for

crafts exhibition

AMMAN, Sept. 19 (J.T.) - The

mother of the late Queen Alia,

Mrs. Hanan Tougan, will open the

second exhibition of handicrafts

and embroidery organised by the

Hai Nazzal community centre in

The ceotre has organised the

exhibition in cooperation with the

Egypt has placed a wider

to remain under us." he said.

Hai Nazzal

Amman on Sept. 26.

centre plans

council" he said.

Burg said.

Only about 20 demonstrators turned up at the match to protest against racial segregation in white-ruled South Africa, in contrast to the huge, violent clashes that marked the Springboks'

recent tour of New Zealand.

of the game, but play was held up

On the sidelines, a small group

Two people, including a

member of the Racine School Board, were arrested on charges of disorderly conduct, said Police Sgt. Robert Holton. Between eight and 12 people. blacks and whites, walked onto the field after the match had been in progress for about an hour and scutfled briefly with some of the rugby players.

The South Africans are scheduled to play two more matches next week and both Two protesters were arrested in ues are being kept secret. a scuffle on the pitch near the end

fare, health, education, religious the Patestinians, effectively affairs, local authorities--in my demanding a fully antonomous opinion this is 80 per cent of all the West Bank state.

Dr. Burg said next week's meeting would concentrate on setting OIII a timetable for the negotiations and on defining their goals.

"The conversation should clarify what is desirable and what is possible. I assume that the first meeting will direct itself to a definition of the aims of the talks," he said

#### Crocker to attend Namibian talks

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19 (R) - U.S. Assistant Secretary of 'State Chester Crocker will fly to Zurich tonight for talks next week with South African officials to clarify details of an independence plan tor Namibia (South West Africa), the State Department said today. A department official said the talks were being held at the request of the South African government. Hc said South Africans wanted to discuss some of the points concerning the basis for proceeding with the Namibian negotiations.

#### DAMASCUS, Sept. 19 (A.P.) - and petro-dollar deposits in Another resolution considered American banks' to confront the the alliance tantamount to direct U.S.-Israeli alliance, according to U.S. participation "in the occupation of Palestine and other Arab territories." that should prompt a The Benghazi summit resolutions were read to reporters at fight to remove all forms of U.S. with the Soviet Union to the end of the fourth and last sesmilitary presence in the Arab counter-balance the recently sion of the conference by PLO World. official spokesman Abdul Mohsen

East requires "the restoration of a balance of power" and called upon the Arab states to "enter into negotiations with the Soviet Union in order to achieve a qualitative upgrading in relations and restore the balance of power," Nation" and urged all Arab gov-

The details of the U.S.-Israeli pact are not clear. But the two sides have said the United States will be able to store medical supplies in Israel.

# presidential candidacies

named the five candidates who will contest the Oct. 2 election for a successor to assassinated President Mobammad Ali Raja'i.

They were the only contenders approved as Islamic fun-dameotalists by the council of guardians, a constitutional watchdog which vetted an original list of 44 nominees.

The five include two clergymen, Hojatolesiam Ali Khamenei.

announced strategic alliance between the United States and Israel, Abu Maizar late last night. The Syria's state radio has reported. delegations flew to their respective countries early this morning. The summit of the "Confrontation and Steadfastness the radio added. Front" grouped presidents Hafez One of the seven announced Al Assad of Syria, Chade Benresolutions declared the Unned jedid of Algeria, Ali Nasser States was "in direct confrontation with the entire Arab

Mohammad of South Yemen as well as Libyan leader Col. Muammar Qadhafi and PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat. The conferees also called on all

Four Arab nations and the Pales-

tine Liberation Organisation

(PLO) ended a three-day summit

in the Libyan port city of Benghazi

by calling for upgraded relations

order to safeguard Arab interests. other Arab states to use "all the radio said. economic resources, including oil The resolutioos did not spell out

**Tehran throws out 39** 

LONDON, Sept. 19 (R) - The Iranian interior ministry today

head of the dominant Islamic Republican Party and spiritual leader and the prime minister, Ayatol

The Benghazi leaders agreed that a just peace in the Middle

said Damascus Radio.

#### osals on our side," he said. The talks on giving autonomy to the Palestinians of the Israelioccupied West Bank and Gaza Strip were arranged as part of the U.S.-sponsored Camp David

They dragged on for a year

**Yosef Burg** 

showed the duties of the different Nazzal secondary girls school and the Swedish society for the care of departments of the autonomous council--labour, transport, wel-

ance moves may be d tomorrow, the imistry official said.

#### exodus -ues in Cairo

Sept. 19 (R) - The odus from Egypt con-day with the deparanother group of airport officials said. ; accused the Kremlin g political and religint inside the country led the Soviet ambasother diplomats, two s and some 1,000 xperts working on industrial projects. bassador, Vladimir , the diplomats, the s - correspondents and the Soviet trade ournal Trud - left ) days ago with more ) experts and their Today's group 145 experts working and aluminium come officials said.

#### ade, Tehran ✓ to cement /mic ties

ADE, Sept. 19 (R) — n increased economic ion and on Yugoslav vation in Iranian at projects after a visit Iranian Finance and y Minister Hussein officials said. Mr. held extensive talks k with Yugoslav Forede Minister Metod nd other government c experts, the officials ade between the two s, which was once oegnew rapidly after the revolution to reach lioo last year and \$156 in the first seven of this year. Informed said increased Iranian rts to Yngoslavia were d during the visit, but ails were disclosed. wia gets most of its 10 tonnes of annual oil from Iraq and the Union, and bas so far l only small quantities :hran since it started to

Iranian oil last year.

l enrar Mahdavi-Kani.

The other candidates are Education Minister Seyyed Ali Akbar Parvaresh, Energy Minister Hasan Ghafuri-Fard and Seyyed Reza Zavvarhei.

In a statement telephoned to Reuters, London supporters of the exiled leadership of the left-wing Mujahedeen said today that Iran's national council of resistance was calling for labour strikes against the regime of Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini.

The council, formed by ousted president Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr and Mujahedeen leader Masoud Rajavi, said the call was part of its current campaign against the Tehran leadership which n said included daily protest demonstrations in major Iranian cities.

The Tehran evening newspaper Kayhan reported today that a further 68 people bad been executed in the capital and four other towns on charges of armed rebellion.

The newspaper, quoted by Tehran Radio, said the executions took place in Tehran. Qom, Arak, Gonbad Kavus and the southern town of Yasui.

The radio did not say when the executions took place.

MOSCOW, Sept. 19 (Ageneies) — The soviet Union acknowledged today that South Africa had

captured one of its soldiers in the latest South Afri-

can incursion into Angola and publicly demanded

An unsigned statement from the official TASS

South Africa has said its forces captured a Soviet

news agency confirmed for the first time that a

"military specialist" was in South African hands.

warrant officer during an operation against South

West Africa People's Organisation (SWAPO)

commandos in Angola three weeks ago. It named

Pretoria also said its forces bad killed a number

The TASS statement acknowledged the deaths

of Soviet soldiers, including two lieutenant-

the man as Warrant Officer Nikolai Pestretsov.

colonels, during the operation.

his return.

More than 900 people, mostly from the Mujahedeen, have been executed since the dismissal of Mr. Bani-Sadr on June 22.

of captive soldier in South Africa

Hafez Al-Assad

specific processes for upgrading relations with the Soviet Union or using the oil and petro-dollar resources to retaliate for the strategic alliance announced during Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin's recent visit to Washington.

In one resolution, however, the Benghazi conferees decided to bring the new U.S.-Israeli alliance before a pan-Arab summit conference scheduled for November in the Moroccan capital of Rabat "in order to take a unified position" on the issue, according to the radio.

but said the Soviet troops had been giving technical

attacks of the South African forces on the Angolan

army, as a consequence of which two Soviet milit-

ary specialists working with those troops and two

women, wives of Soviet specialists, died, and one

specialist, an engineer, was seized by the South

"The Soviet Union places all responsibility for

their deaths on South Africa and demands the

immediate return of a Soviet citizen who was cap-

tured and the remains of those who were killed."

not been engaged in combat operations.

combat role of Soviet soldiers in Angola.

Africans," TASS said

TEL AVIV, Sept. 19 (R) - Former Israeli defence and foreign minister Moshe Dayan urged the United States today to expand

President Reagan and Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin in Washington last week was a

basis to be built on. **Moscow demands immediate return** "If the United States of America can bring together some Arab countries like Egypt and Saudi Arabia and at the same time Israel to cooperate with the U.S. in its action and strategy here in the Middle East, I think that

advice and training to the Angolan army, and had constructive," he said TASS accused South African and Western media of spreading "slanderous allegations" about the eration should at first be limited. "What I think can be done is sepa-"Lies are being used in a bid to justify the bandit

added.

rate acts and agreements between the various countries," he said. U.S.-Israeli cooperation should not involve Israeli troops in fighting for goals other than the direct defence of Israel, Mr. Dayan

"If the Americans would like to use some facilities here... we

#### to include Saudi Arabia, for no more than two minutes. of demonstrators chanted "apar-Egypt in joint strategy theid ambassadors get the hell out" and waved placards saying "Down with the Springboks."

should be more than happy." the former minister said.

**Dayan urges Washington** 

Sierra Leone teachers, workers go on rampage

FREETOWN, Sierra Leone, Sept. 19 (R) - Looting and violence broke out in the northern provincial capital of Makeni after a visit by President Siaka Stevens. travellers arriving from the area said today.

Hundreds of workers and teachers rampaged through the streets of the town of 45,000 people yesterday. Shops were looted and all local services brought to a halt.

The town could not be reached by telephone and h was not clear early today whether order had been restored.

The travellers said a senior official who went to the area was unable to enter the town and turned back after rioters ripped the flag staff off his official

There was no word of casualties or arrests and police in the capital declined to comment on the situation.

Travellers said the teachers were protesting at the decision by the northern province's teacher's association not to have anything to do with a general strike called on Sept. 1.

The Sierra Leone Labour Congress called its 250,000 members out on strike to press demands for economic reforms, including food price cuts and better housing.

## Reagan, Trudeau agree to ease energy friction

GRAND RAPIDS, Michigan, Sept. 19 (R) - President Reagan and Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau have agreed to try to ease friction between the two countries over Canada's controversial new energy policy, Canadian officials said.

Canada's plan to increase Canadian ownership of its energy companies has drawn sharp criticism from the U.S. Congress and the American oil indus-

Canadian officials said talks yesterday, part of mformal discussions over the past two days between Mr. Reagan, Mr. Trudeau and Mexican Presideot Jose Lopez Portillo, were friendly and useful.

They said both sides had expressed the desire to reduce friction to prevent the two countries from embarking on "the slippery slope of retaliation."

But only hours after Mr. Reagan's meeting with Mr. Trudeau a U.S. State Department official accused Canada of pursuing short-sighted and nationalistic energy policies.

Robert Hormats, assistant secretary of state for economic and business affairs, told the economic policy council of the U.N. association in New York he feared if such policies went unchallenged other countries might adopt similar measures.

The site of today's game was kept such a tight secret that even Racine police were not told about it until this morning.

The match took place in a city park used by the Racine Rugby Club, in an area of the city that is predominantly black.

**MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS** 

Qatari royal family member reported missing in London

LONDON, Sept. 19 (A.P.) - A teenage girl member of the ruling family of Oatar is missing in London, Scotland Yard said today. The Yard said it believes the girl has not been abducted and is still somewhere in the city. The missing girl is 19-year-old Wadha Al Thani, who is related to Sheikh Khalifa Bin Hamad Al Thani, ruler of Qatar. Police said the girl was staying at a hotel in Grosvenor Square with other family members and disappeared after being chauffeur-driven to see a sick relative in a London hospital. The girl did not return to the car. Qatari embassy officials would not discuss the case and police sources said the diplomats did not want any details revealed. Alter finding the girl's passport was missing. the embassy called in Scotland Yard.

Indonesia expresses support for Palestinians, Arabs

INDONESIA, Sept. 19 (A.P.) -- Indonesia supports the Palestinian and Arab peoples "as always in their struggles for rights and justice in the Middle East." President Suhagto said today. He also told Egyptian Ambassador Wagin Mohammad Rousdy on receiving his credentials at the Merdeka (freedom) Palace that "world peace and prosperity could be achieved if all people establish sincere friendship and mutual cooperation among them." However, he said. "In reality the world is still far away from a peaceful situation. Tensions still exist in several parts of the world, including the Palestinian problem."

### Sheikh Jaber concludes East European trip

DUBROVNIK, Yugoslavia, Sept. 19 (R) - The Emir of Kuwait, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah, left here today for home after a four-day official visit to Yugoslavin which included talks with the country's leaders on world political and economic issues and bilateral ties. After talks in Belgrade with Yugoslav President Sergej Kraigher and Prime Minister Veselin Djuranovic. Sheikh Jaber had a brief rest at the southern Adriatic Sea resort of Dubrovnik. The visit 10 Yugoslavia was the last leg of Sheikh Jaber's five-nation European tour which also took him to Turkey, Bulgaria, Romania and Hungary.

calls attack 'crime against Islam' VIENNA, Sept. 19 (R) — The resentatives, he said. Palestine Liberation Organisation Mr. Arafat also said (PLO) has sacked the former headof its Vienna office, Ghasi Hussain, from its foreign service, PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat said in an interview published here today. 1970s. Mr. Arafat told the Socialist

Party daily Arbeiter Zeitung thal the PLO was investigating Dr. Hussain's role in an attempt by two Arabs to smuggle arms into Austria last July. "He has been forbidden to work

any longer in the diplomatic service of the PLO because a man with such responsibilities simply cannot be involved in an affair like that and that goes for all PLO rep-

Mr. Arafat also said the PLO was ready to accept what he called purposeful assistance in fighting the Abu Nidal group which split from the organisation in the early The Abu Nidal group claimed

responsibility for a bomb attack against a Vienna synagogue last month in which two people were killed and for the murder of a Vienna city councillor on May 1.

Dr. Hussain, the first PLO representative to be officially recognised by a Western government, left Austria shortly after the two Arabs were expelled. The official reason given for his depar-

ture was a holiday. Mr. Arafat said Dr. Hussain and the two Arabs were still under investigation. The Austrian authorities would be informed of the result of the investigation, he said.

The PLO was plaoning to appoint a new representative to Austria soon, he added.

Mr. Arafat said the arms smuggling affair and the two attacks had all been aimed at severing the good relations between the PLO and Austria.

"We shall never forget what (Austrian Chancellor Dr. Bruno) Kreisky bas done for us," he added.

The three issues led to an angry exchange between Israel and Austria. Israel accused Dr. Kreisky of indirect responsibility for the synagogue attack because of his sympathetic attitude

In the interview, Mr. Arafat described lhe altack on the synagogue as a crime and said those responsible would be punished sooner or later.

"Judaism is a part of our heritage and our traditions - just like Christianity and Islam. We consider the attack not only as crime against a holy Jewish house (of prayer) but as a crime against our own religion."

towards the PLO.

Arafat says ex-envoy is dismissed,

would be very, very positive and Mr. Dayan said such coop-

its proposed strategie cooperation agreement with Israel, to include Saudi Arabia and Egypt. Interviewed on Israel radio, Mr. Dayan said the accord reached by

# Solar energy, oil shale: Jordan's renewable resources

NATIONAL

Page 2

By Mohammad Ayish Special to the Jordan Times

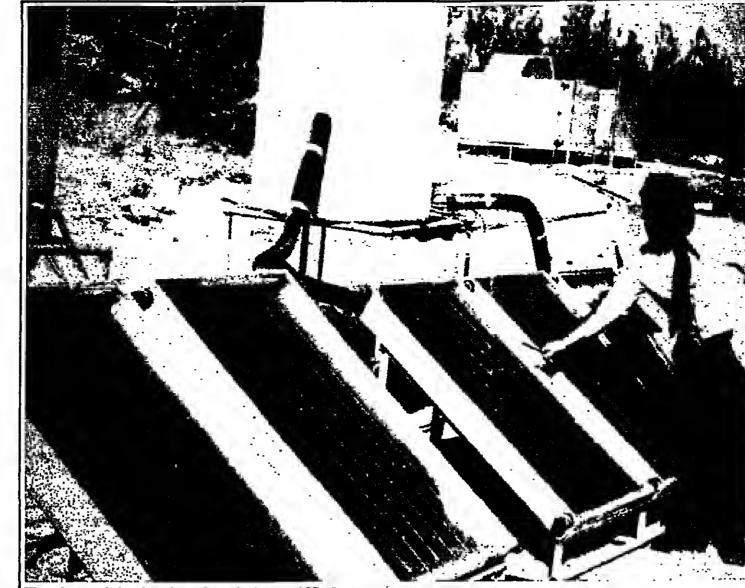
AMMAN — Jordan has great resources of new and renewable energy that could be used to relieve the country's heavy dependence on imported oil, according to the director of the Energy Department at the Ministry of Industry and Trade, Dr. Ibrahim Badran, who returned late last month from a U.N.sponsored conference on renewable sources of energy in Nairobi.

"Solar energy is the most important renewable alternative source of energy available in Jor-dan," Dr. Badran told the Jordan Times. He explained that each year, Jordan has an average of 300 sunny days a year, compared to only 100 sunny days in Britain. Another ample source of

energy in Jordan is oil shale, reserves of which are estimated at . 1,300 million tonnes. "The Jordanian government is"

vety keen on developing local energy resources, and special attention has been given to solar

.energy," Dr. Badran said.



Water heaters designed by Royal Scientific Society (RSS), Jor dan's most active body in solar energy research.

develop these resources," he said.

divided into four parts, the first of

which was the submission of the

The Nairobi conference was

The Nairohi conference on energy defined renewable sources of energy as including solar energy, wind energy, nuclear energy, hydro-power, tidal and wave energy, hiogas energy, shale oil, tar sand, geothermal energy. fuel wood, alcoholic fuel and synthetic fuel.

'Keen interest was expressed in papers on each country's potential renewable energy sources. The second part, Dr. Badran said. was these resources because they are distributed almost all over the world -- in contrast to oil, gas and a discussion and debate of the coal, which are located only in cer-tain areas of the planet," Dr. Badtopics raised in the papers. "At that stage of the conference, the ran pointed out. He added that the Jordanian delegation exposed the illegality of the Israeli project to Nairobi conference confined its' construct a canal linking the discussions to those renewable Mediterranean with the Dead Sea," Dr. Badran said. "We also energy sources because the conventional, non-renewable sources are already developed technically explained to the other delegations and commercially, while the new resources are still open to. that the 'Med-Dead' canal project, which was discussed in an Israeli paper, was a flagrant Israeli aggression on Jordanian interests development.

attention, according to Dr. Badran. He explained that agreements The conference, the first of its kind, was attended by some 3,000 · have been signed with Soviet and and the occupied Arab lands." West German organisations for delegates from most of the U.N.'s ergy," Dr. Badran said. the exploration of Shale in the 154 member states. Dr. Badran was devoted to the work of sub- ran said. Another goal set by the lion in 1980, and the total oil bill The Royal Scientific Society. Lejioun area 90 kilometres south said that each participating coun- committees drafting final resol- conference. he added, was to for the coming decade is expected

local renewable energy sources. nrised seminars in which purely "Like every other country, Jordan technical matters were discussed. presented its own paper on energy At the end of its sessions, the resources in the country, as well as conference called on Israel to drop its \$600 million scheme to genthe government's efforts to

erate hydroelectric power hy driving a canal from the Mediterranean to the Dead Sea. It also stressed that all states, including Iraq (whose nuclear reactor project was bombed hy Israel on June 7), had the right to establish nuc-

lear programmes to develop their industries and economies for, peaceful purposes. On the technical level, the conference called for intensified

efforts to develop renewable energy sources in the developing countries, as alternatives to the world's dwindling oil resources. "The conference was held not to discuss purely technical matters, but to create the necessary

awareness of the importance and vitality of the energy question to developing countries," Dr. Bad-

national, regional and international considerations. This would serve as a programme of how to go about finding new resources, developing and organising them through an "institutional frame of action."

Energy drain in Jordan

According to statistics available at Jordan's Energy Department, energy consumption in Jordan had grown from 0.45 million tonnes of petroleum in 1970 to about 2 million tonnes in 1980. This makes the average annual growth in oil consumption in the past decade about 15 per cent.

Energy use per capita rose from 286 kilogrammes of oil in 1970 to 880 kilogrammes in 1980, and it is expected to reach 1,350 kilos hy 1990.

The increasing consumption of oil as well as soaring prices brought the oil hill to JD 100 million in 1980, and the total oil bill

Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. -6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel.

Syrian pound ...... 56.6/57.2

Iraqi dinar ...... 712.5/719.3

...... 97.8/98.5

. 1184/1190

Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) ...... 36381-2

37169

Saudi rival

Kuwaiti dinar .....

Ambulance (government)...

Airport information (ALIA)

Jordan Television

Radin Jordan .....

Civil Defence rescue .....

At present, the energy bill in tor, which takes about 50 perce Other large energy-users inch Jordan constitutes about 11 per cent of gross national product, and was equivalent to about 100 per cent of exports in 1980. The major consumer of pet- other categories accounting for roleum energy is the transport sec- per cent.

electricity generation (15 r cent), industry (15 per cent), a domestic use (14 per cent), w

## IDB crafts support detailed

AMMAN, Sept. 19 (Petra) — The craftsmen's fund of the Industri: Development Bank extended 550 loans, amounting to J 1,139,000, during the last five-year development plan (1976-1980) A spokesman for the bank said that the maximum loan amount we recently raised from JD 2,000 to JD 3,000, and then was again raiser to JD 4,000.

# Mauritania to get help from CAEU in statistics

AMMAN, Sept. 19 (Petra) — An agreement for technical aid in statistical studies was signed this week at the beadquarters of the Council for Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) between the CAEU and Mauritania. CAEU Secretary General Fakhri Qaddouri signed the agreement for the CAEU, and the head of the Mauritania depart-ment of statistics and auditing, Mr. Aslamo Ould Mohammad, signed for his government.

According to the agreement, the CAEU will provide the acces-sary help in developing and training staff to work in the field of statistics in Mauritania, including specialised experts and technicians, and will hold training courses to train staff employed in demographic statistics and industrial surveys.

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(RSS) is Jordan's most active body

of Amman.

in solar energy research, par-

ticularly in space heating, water

heating, water desalination and

space cooling applications. Dr.

Badran said that in association

with the University of Jordan, his

energy department bas also

worked on the use of solar energy

in the extraction of potash from

The exploitation of oil shale,

has also received considerable

the water of the Dead Sea.

try submitted a paper on its own utions, while the fourth part com- decide on a plan of action based on to reach JD 3 billion.

The third part of the confereoce

# JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

#### JORDAN TELEVISION

#### CHANNEL 3

5:30 .. Koran ..... Cartoon 5:45 ..... Children's programme 6:05 ..... (Fang Face) 6:50 **Take Heart** 7:10 Programme preview ...... Local programme News in Arabic 7:30 8:00 8:30 .. Arahic series 9:30 Sports & Youth News in Arahic 10:15 11:00

#### CHANNEL 6

	French programme News in French
7:30	News in Hebrew
8:00	News in Arabic
8:30	
	(Man about the House)
9:10	Edward the Seventh
10:00	News in English
10:15	Quincy

#### RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

7:00	
7:01	Morning Show
7:30	News Bulletin
7:40	Morning Show
	News Headlines
	Pop Session
11:00	Sign off
12:00	News Headlines
	Pop Session
	News Summary
13:03	Pop Session
14:00	
	Iostrumentals
	. French Pop Stars
15:00	Concert Hour
	News Summary -
	Instrumentals
	Old Favourites
	Listeners Choice
	News Summary
19:00	Jazz Hour
	Newsdesk
	Evening Show
	News Summary
	Evening Show
22:00	Close down

#### **BBC WORLD SERVICE** 639, 720, 1413 KHz

asking 07:00 World News; News

about Britain 07:15 From Our Own

Correspondent 07:30 Classical

GMT

cal Reports 19:15 News Horizons 19:30 Issues in the News 20:00 Special Eoglish: News/Words and their 04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Moment stories 20:15 The Concert Hall 21:00 News and New Products Musical 04:45 Financial Review USA 21:15 Critics Choice 21:30 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News; British Press Review 05:15 Studio One tterbox 05:30 The Maid of the Mui 95:45 Letter from America 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Jazz for the

#### AMMAN AIRPORT FOR SUNDAY

#### ARRIVALS:

Record Review 07:45 Washington Square 08:00 World News; Reflec-7:40 Cairo (EA) tions 08:15 The Pleasure's Yours 8:45 .. Cairo 09:00 World News: British Press 8:55 Agaba **Review 09:15 People and Politics** 9:30 . Jeddah 09:45 Sports Review 10:15 Off the 9:40 Kuwait Beateo Track 10:30 Religious Ser-9:45 Dubai, Ahu Dhabi vice 11:00 World News; News 10:10 ..... Beinnt about Britain 11:1S Letter from 11:05 Riyadh (SV) America 11:30 Play of the Week 11:40 ..... Cairo (EA) 12:30 Baker's Half-Dozen 13:00 Jeddah (SV 14:00 World News; Commentary 13:15 15:35 The Industrial Revolution and the 16:30 Cairo Machine Age 13:30 Sbort Story 13:45 The Tooy Myatt Request Show 14:30 Gerald C. Potter 15:00 16:35 ..... Athen 16:45 .... Rawalpindi (BA) 16:45 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Concert 17:15 .. ...... Chicago, New York, Hall 16:00 World News; Com-...... Vienna mentary 16:15 From our own Cor-respondent 16:35 Financial Review 17:30 .... Paris 17:35 Geneva, Brussels 16:45 Letter from America 17:00 17:40 Copenhagen, Athens World News; Meridian 17:40 Inter-17:50 Madrid iude 17:45 Sportscall 18:00 World 17:55 .... Cairo News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 How we lis-18:00 London 18:30 Rome (IT) ten to Music 19:00 Country Style 18:30 ...... Rome 19:15 That Bread should Be so 19:00 Geneva, Zurich Dear 20:90 World News; Com-19:50 Frankfurt (LH) mentary 20:15 Letterbox 20:30 19:50 .... Frankfurt Sunday Half-Hour 21:00 Meet ... 20:00 Beirut (MEA) 21:15 The Pleasure's Yours 22:09 23:40 .... Cairo (EA) World News 22:09 Science in 24:00 ..... Baghdad Action 22:40 Reflections 22:45 01:00 Cairo Sportscall 23:00 World News; Commentary 23:15 Letter from America 23:39 Brain of Britain

#### DEPARTURES:

Cairo

Cairo

. Paris

Beirut

Agaba

Cairo (ÉA)

Beirut (MEA)

London (BA)

Beirut (KLM)

London (BA)

Frankfurt

Athens, Amsterdam

3:30

4:30

6:30

6:30

7:00

8:55

9:25

9:30

9:30

9:30

10:00

#### **VOICE OF AMERICA**

1981

GMT -03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News on the hour and 28 min. after each hour 17:00 News and New Products (USA) 17:15 Critics Choice 17:30 Studio One 18:00 Special English: News/Words and their stories, feature "People in, 'America'' 18:30 Music USA 10:10 . ..... Rome (Standards) 19:00 News and Topi-3-45 ..... Athens, Copenhageo ..... Beirut (ŠK) ...... Amsterdam, N. York 11:00 11:10 ..... Athens 11:30 . Cairo 12:05 . London Riyadh (SV) 12:05 Cairo (EA) 12:40 13:00 Kuwait (KAC) 15:00 16:30 17:45 ..... Londoo (BA) ..... Ahu Dhahi 18:30 19:00 ..... Kuwait 19:15 Rivadh 19:20 . Bahrain. Doha 19:30 ... Jeddah 19:45 Baghdad 20:00 Cairo (EA) 20:30 Dubai, Muscat 21:00 ...... Baghdad 21:30 Bangkok

01:00

#### EMERGENCIES

Cairo (EA)

DOCTORS:
Amman:
Amin Abdul Jaber
Munir Wardeh (—)
Irbid:
Ahmad Tawalbeb
Addidd Tawaiben 2034
Zarqa:
Musa Taha Odeh 82049
DEL A DAVIA COMO
PHARMACIES:
Amman;
Al Salam
Fares 63938
Al Hindi 44422
Al Manar 51048

Inhid: Al Omari 74410

#### Zarga: Al Hikma

•	TAXIS:	
•	Jerusalem	
	Talal 25021	
	AJ Aman	
	Faisal	
	Al Burj	
	•	
	CULTURAL CENTRES	
	American Centre 41520-	
	British Council 36147-8	

French Cultural Centre .... 37009 Spanish Cultural Ceotre .... 24049 Turkish Cultural Centre ... 39777 Y.W.C.A. ..... 41793 Y.W.M.A. ..... 64251 Amman Municipal Library 36111 Uoiversity of Jordan Lihrary 843555/843666

#### SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetiogs every secood and fourth Wedoesday at the Grand Palace Hotel. 1.30 p.m. Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinential Hotel, 1.30

Rotary Club. Meetings every Thursday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holi-day Inn, 1:30 p.m.

#### MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Yearmund. Tel. 23316

Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdavs. Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opeoing hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fri-days and official bolidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed oo Tues-

Jordan National Gallery: Contains

a collection of paintings, ceramics,

and sculpture by contemporary

Islamic artists from most of the

Muslim countries and a collection

of paintings by 19th Ceotury orien-

talist artists. Muntazah, Jabal

days. Tel. 30128

Tomatoes . 110 Eggplant .. 200 Potatoes (imported). 120 Marrow (small) ..... 230 Marrow (large) ... 160 Cucumber (small) 270 Cucumber (large).... 170 Faqoous ..... 140 Peas ..... . 300 Okra (Green) ..... 300 Okra (Red) ... 300 Muloukhiyah 120 Hot Green Pepper ..... 200 Cabbage .. 120 Onions (dry) .. 110 Garlic .... 700 ·Carrots . 130 Beans ..... 300

Ouince .

Guava

#### PRAYER TIMES FOR SUNDAY Fajr . 5:24

Dhuhr 2:59 'Asr .... 5:34 Maghreb Isha ...

# LOCAL **EXCHANGE** RATES

75111

61111

92285/92206

74111

150

80 170

100

80

80 70

600

90 250 100

260

180

280

150

UAE dirham	(for every 100)
Omani tiyal 963.6/968.3	French franc
U.S. dollar 331/333	Dutch guilder 130.6/131.4
U.K. sterling	Swedish grown
W. German mark 145.8/146.7	Belgium franc
Swiss franc 169.3/170.3	Japanese yen
Italian lire	(for every 100) 146.2/147.:

## **USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS

Firstaid, fire, police	a	191
Fire headquarters		
Cablegram or telegram		11

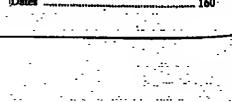
#### Telephone:

Information	ť
Jordan and Middle East trunk calls	ĩ
Operation and Moldus Last (fully Calls	
Overseas radio and satellite calls	
Telephone maintenance and repair service	

## **MARKET PRICES**

Sweet Pepper	
Bananas	260
Apples (Green)	340
Apples (Red)	300
Apples (Golden)	120 ·
Apples (Starken)	180
Melons	
Water Melons	80
Plums (Red)	230
Lemons	170
Oranges (Valencia, Wared)	
Oranges (Valencia, Waxed)	
Figs	- 300
Peach	430
Pears	500
Pomegranates	180
Capliflowers	150
Pumpkin	150
Dates	160

(مكذاحت الأمل



بكذا مت الأجل

JORDAN TIMES, SUNDAY SEPTEMBER 20, 1981

## TIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

Qattan's mother passes away

IN, Sept. 19 (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein today d Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid to convey his lelamic Chief Justice Sheikh Ibrahim Qattan on

## Irbid folk life museum ready

Sept. 19 (Petra) - The Department of Antiquities here pleted furnishing of Irbid museum of popular life. The 1, which displays an assortment of traditional handicrafts numes, will be formally opened next month.

#### dDE 5 39 teachers to be decorated

N, Sept. 19 (Petra) — Thirty-nine teachers will be I Jordanian medals of the first, second and third degrees day in recognition of their services. A special ceremony d by the Ministry of Education will be held at Al Hussein Tity for the presentation of the medals to the veteran

#### Ma'an hospital to be upgraded

N, Sept. 19 (Petra) - The Health Ministry has worked s for improving the health services offered by the Ma'an uent hospital, Under-Secretary of Health Rizq Al a said today. He said the plans entail constructing scy wings and operating theatres, and improving other facilities.

#### irmouk plans community courses

TIONS Sept. 19 (Petra) - Yarmouk University is organising Courses in four cities within its 1981-82 academic progaccording to Dr. Khaled Al Omari, director of the unieducation department. He said that starting next month language courses will be held in the cities of Jerash, Ramtha and Aqaba. Another course, in secretarial work, nd business management will open in Mafraq on Oct. 10, ari said. 11.50

#### IAEA Vienna meeting set

N, Sept. 19 (Petra) - The Jordan Electricity Authority ill take part in the 25th conference of the International Energy Agency, which will open in Vienna tomorrow. Waddah Al Nabulsi, director of the JEA's power genlepartment who left for Vienna today, will attend the

# FOR SHELSSocial workers set for Baghdad

N, Sept. 19 (Petra) — The Jordanian social workers' on will take part in the preparatory meeting of the Arab - orkers conference, due to open in Bagbdad on Oct. 4. the two-day meeting, participants will discuss subjects o social development in the Arab World in the 1980s. Il prepare for the general conference, to be held in the vital between Nov. 3 and 5. The chairman of the Jordanian orkers' association, Mr. Khalil Al Banna, will attend the ory meetings. A delegation from the Jordanian associlay called on Minister of Information Adnan Abu Odeh ed him on the association's aims and future programmes.

# King reviews plans, projects at municipality

AMMAN, Sept. 19 (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein today called at Amman Municipality and met with Mayor Isam Ajtouni and other muo-

icipality officials and engineers. Mr. Ajlouni presented a briefing on the mun-icipality's programmes designed to transform Amman into a modern city, and programmes for providing various districts of the capital with public services such as water, telephone, electricity and sewerage. He also spoke about the municipality's plans to link Amman with the surrounding towns and villages, and to coordinate the work of their municipal councils with that of Amman Municipality.

After the meeting, King Hussein toured the mun-

Wadi Musa

tourist tolls

improvement

WADI MUSA, Sept. 19 (Petra) - Wadi Musa Municipality bas

submitted to the government a

detailed study on ways to improve

tourist services at Wadi Musa and

Under the plan a foreign tourist coming to Petra within a prog-

ramme arranged by a local tourist

agency will be charged JD 1; a toll of JD 2 will be imposed on inde-

pendent tourists or those sent by

foreign or international tourist

agencies, and 500 fils be charged

from Arab and Jordanian tourists

The revenues will be used to

improve services provided to tour-

ists, and on improvements to the

stables housing horses bired by tourists visiting Petra.

Petra

visiting Petra.

to finance

proposes

icipality's studies department, where he was briefed an plans for developing the centre of Amman as well as the districts of Abdali and Raghadan, and programmes for developing the eastern districts of Amman in a manner in meet the cultural and social needs of these areas.

King Hussein looked into designs for Al Hasbimi and Al Nasr youth centres, on which work has already started; and similar designs for youth centres in Marka, Ashrafiyah and Umm Utbaina, which will be implemented soon, as well as designs for projects aimed at alleviating traffic congestion in Amman.

The King was accompanied on the visit by Chief of the Royal Cnurt Ahmad Al Lawzi.

# Government ready to tender desert bypass construction

AMMAN, Sept. 19 (Petra) - The Ministry of Public Works says it has drawn up plans and prepared documents for the issuance tender for the construction of a road linking Juweideh with Sahab and Muwaqqar with the Azraq oasis.

The 87-kilometre stretch of road is designed to link the Desert Highway running from Amman to Aqaba with the Azraq region and draw off traffic headed from Aqaba towards Azraq, Saudi Arabia and Iraq, so that those vehicles do not have to enter the Amman region.

The road is also meant to revitalise the areas through which it will pass and to revive tourist activity near the western Desert Castles.

The JD 9.5 million project will be financed by the Iraqi Fond for External Development

# **Arab Common Market** trade experts gather

AMMAN. Sept. 19 (Petra) - Experts on foreign trade exchange representing the Arab Common Market group opened a three-day meeting at the headquarters of the Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) today.

CAEU Assistant Secretary General for Economic Affairs Mohammad Al Sharif, who opened the meeting, expressed the bope that the group's deliberations will help to boost trade among Arab states.

# Talbouni condemns Israel at IPU meeting

HAVANA, Sept. 19 (Petra) - Mr. Talhouni also yesterday Speaker of the Upper House of met with Cuba's foreign minister Parliament Bahjat Al Talhouni to discuss Jordanian-Cuban relas to the d Jordan s

U.K. defence aide due here

AMMAN, Sept. 19 (J.T.) -British Secretary of State for Defence Juhn Nott is due in

ation.



King Hussein listens to a briefing by Amman Mayor Isami Ajlouni during bis visit in Amman Municipality on Saturday (Petra photo)

# Investment co. board meets

AMMAN, Sept. 19 (Petra) - The Arab Investment Company's board of directors opened a three-day meeting at the Amman Sheraton Palace hotel today. During the meeting, the board will review progress on 21 Arab projects in which the company holds shares, and will study proposals for investing in new projects.

The Arab Investment Company, established in 1974 with a \$300 million capital, currently par-

ticipates in five Jordanian projects, including the Jordan Petroleum Refineries Company, the Jordan Glass Factory company, the Jordan Paper and cardboard company and the Jordan Investment Bank.

The Riyadh-based investment company groups 14 Arab states: Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Iraq, Syria, Libya, Qatar, the United Arab Emirates, Bahrain. Sudan, Morocco, Jordan, Tunisia, North Yemen and Oman



Arab Investment Company's board meeting an Saturday (Petra photo) The opening session of the





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t starning.

Sept. 19 (Petra) - Zarqa District Governor Salem Al appointed an eight-member village conneil for Sarwat, District: The council is chaired by Mr. Mohammad Al but the district governor will chair the council's first of Monday.

Madaba starts cleanup week

3A, Sept. 19 (Petra) — A week-long cleanliness cam-rted in Madaba today. The city bas been divided into five facilitate the task of cleaning teams which include stutembers of youth and sports clubs as well as a large of volunteers from the city and municipality workers, Mayor Ahmad Al Azaydeh said. Madaba District Govmal Al Momani, who is also chairman of the public safety ee, will supervise the campaign.

#### Rabat seminar on water

N, Sept. 19 (Petra) - The director of the ground water ent at the Natural Resources Authority (NRA), Dr. ziz Washah, left for Rabat today to take part in an Arab on water resources organised by the Arab Centre for the Dry Regions and Arid Territories. Dr. Washah said be nit to the seminar a working paper on ground water in the sdoud region of Jordan. The participants in the seminar, e Arab states, will discuss subjects connected with the ration of water resources, soil erosion and water technolwell as regional hydrological studies, Dr. Washah said. part in the six-day meeting are delegates from Jordan, misia, Iraq, Kuwait, Morocco, the United Arab Emirates. EPHON id North Yemen.

#### Villages get development loans

N, Sept. 19 (Petra) — The Development Bank for alities and Village Councils has approved a JD 70,000 he village council of Ba'oun, a JD 35,000 loan for Turrah, 00 for Balileh, JD 12,000 for Kufr Hitteh and JD 30,000 council of 'Ain Januch. The loans will finance the cono and asphalting of roads and the construction of new vings in these villages.

#### Cost accounting course opens

N, Sept. 19 (Petra) - The Institute of Public Administoday opened a 12-day training course in cost accounting. -five accountants from the public and private sectors takin the course will learn about cost accounting methods, portance of cost accounting in determining management 15, relationships between cost accounting and sales and slated subjects.

#### ne-month term for Supply breach

N, Sept. 19 (Petra) - A Jordanian merchant, Sabri Farbeen sentenced to one month in prison by the military or violating Ministry of Supply regulations. The military or today endorsed the sentences.

Inter-Parliamentary Union meeting here yesterday, in which he spoke abont Israel's arbitrary and terrorist actions. against the inhabitants of the occupied Arab territories.

He also outlined Israel's incessant violations of U.N. resolutions . and its defiance of world public opinion in regard to the Palestine problem and the Middle East issue.





countancy Saturday at the institute of Public Administration (Petra The first meeting of a seminar photo - see National Briefs)

# Tour of Amman modernisation work



Amman tomorrow far a visit South Korean expected to last several days. During the visit Mr. Nott will envoy reaches meet with a number of Jordanian officials and will tour end of term archaeological sites in Jordan. He will be accompanied by his wife and an official deleg-

> AMMAN, Sept. 19 (Petra) -South Korean Ambassador 10 Jordan Jin Chull Soh today called on Prime Minister Mudar Badran to bid him farewell on the occasion of the end of the envoy's term of office in Jordan.

## Irbid villages' improvement projects funded

IRBID, Sept. 19 (Petra) - The Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment has decided to construct a secondary school at 'I'al in the Irbid Gov-

emorate. The JD 45,000 school, which will accommodate 900 students.

will have 25 classrooms. At Deir Yousef, another village in Irbid Governorate, the village council has decided to asphalt 20,000 kilometres of roads. The cost of the project, which will be implemented next month, is expected to amount to JD 40,000.

AMMAN, Sept. 19 (Petra) -Amman Mayor Issam Ajlouni, Amman Governor Yahya Al Musili, Traffic Department Director Issa Al 'Umari and Acting Director General of Public Transport Ya'qonb Haddad, as well as representatives of the Amman Police Department, the Telecommunications Corporation and the company implementing a project to raise the efficiency of services in the city of Amman this week made an inspection tour of downtown Amman.

The aim of the tour was to get acquainted with the projects to modernise underground services in the city of Amman, including the extension of telephone and electricity cables, water mains and sewers, and the effects of the implementation of these projects on traffic in Amman, as well as the obstacles standing in the way of their implementation.

The concerned officials took decisions on the spot as they saw appropriate.

# Iraqi artist opens exhibition; gallery show to open tonight

AMMAN, Sept. 19 (J.T.) - The second painting exhibition of Iraqi artist Adibeh Al Qadi opened at the British Council Centre in Amman today. On display for 10 days are 39 paintings depicting the Iraqi popular environment, customs and traditions. The artist's first exhibition was held at the Goethe Institute in Amman in 1977.

Attending today's npening were Mr. Mohanna Durra, director general of the Department of Culture and Arts, and a crowd of art lovers.

Meanwhile, it was announced that a painting exhibition by Juliana Seraphim will be npened at the Jordan National Gallery in Jabal Luweibdeh tomorrow, Sunday, at 5 p.m., under the patronage of Her Highness Princess Basma. The exhibition will last until Oct. 5.

## WHAT'S GOING ON

#### Film

The French Cultural Centre in Jabal Luweibdeh presents a comedy by Jean Renoir, "Elena et les hommes", at 7:30 p.m.

#### Ballet

\* The Moscow Academic Musical Theatre performs at the Palace of Culture in Al Hussein Youth City at 8 p.m.

#### **Painting exhibitions**

\* By Adibeh F. Al Qadi, at the British Council.

\* By Juliana Seraphim, at the Jordan National Gallery, Jabal Luweibdeh, at 5 p.m.

#### ARE YOU ....

Staging a play? Putting on a concert? Delivering a lecture? Organising eny non-profit activity open to the public?

Do you have any kind of event to announce to the Jordan Times' readers? The What's Going On listing is always open to receive entries, preferably written ones, in English or Arabic... free of charge.

Entries should be received at the Jordan Times office, by hand or by mail, at least 24 hours before the scheduled event.

Let us know!

WANT LEVES, SUNDAY OUT LEADER IN 1981

# **Redeeming U.K. honour** in the Middle East By Michael Adams

any idea of helping to shape events

in the region. The ghost of Suez

has long since been laid and Brit-

ish standing is much higher among

the Arabs than that of the Ameri-

cans, who are universally mis-

Since the Reagan administ-

ration came to power, there has

been an impasse in the Middle

East, because the Americans, who

have the power, are operating -

any firm principle.

like Eden 25 years ago - without

This provides an opportunity

for Britain, which lacks the power

(and this may be an advantage)

but does have the experience, and

a degree of influence which could

be used to good effect in support

of a policy which can be seen to be

clearly and firmly based on prin-

The policy is there. It has been

worked out with our partners in

the European community. It takes

account, as U.S. policy does not, of the interests of both parties in the Middle East, calling on the

Arabs to recognise Israel's right to

exist within secure frontiers and

on the Israelis to recognise the

Palestinian right to self-

determination. It contains no bias

towards one side or the other and

it is securely based on existing

intentions and which can produce

President Reagan and his advis-

Their failure so far to work out a

precious time has been lost while

the danger of irresponsible action

That this policy also serves the

United Nations resolutions.

trusted.

TWENTY-FIVE years ago, I was panied it. the Manchester Guardian's cor-

respondent in Cairo. It was a critical moment in the in the Middle East. That does not Suez crisis. On September 15 the Britisb and French pilots ence, or that we must renounce employed by the old Suez Canal Company had walked out, provoking a trial of strength with the new management which the Egyptians had installed to regulate traffic through the canal. This was to test the argument that the Egyptians were incapable of running the canal. That argument was crucial to Eden's thesis that the canal must he kept out of Nasser's control and in some way internationalised.

Few people knew much about the technical problems involved in taking convoys through the canal. The old Anglo-French management had an interest in exaggerating the degree of skill that was required. On September 15 I went to Ismailia to talk to the new Egyptian management and to see if I could get onto one of the first convoys they would be directing through the canal.

On September 16 I boarded a Liberian-registered tanker and introduced myself to Captain Gamal Mongued, the Egyptian who was to pilot the ship from Ismailia to Suez. For six hours 1 watched as he nudged the ship gently round the bends in the canal. Everything went smoothly. By the end of the day the Egyptians had demolished Eden's case for interoationalism.

The Egyptians had also exposed the wider misconception on which interests of the West, both Europe Eden's position was based. 1 wrote and the United States, is surely not a few days later in the Guardian that Eden and others acted out of an argument to hold against it. Legitimate Westero interests call for a policy which ensures the uninterrupted flow of Middle East "nostalgia for the days when, if we pulled the strings in the Middle East, the important people nil, access to markets in the Arab danced." The collapse of Eden's World and a barrier against Soviet policy showed, among other penetration of the Gulf. All of things, that those days were gone, these objectives can best be achieved by a policy which reasand gone for good.

Today we have gone to the sures the Arabs of the West's good other extreme and have misjudged the real lesson to be drawn an honest compromise between from the Suez fiasco. Suez was a the objectives of the Israelis and failure, not so much of power as of the Palestinians. principle. What damaged our standing in the world was not our ers have been confused by the inability to carry through an illcomplexities of the Middle East. considered military action. It was the bole-and-corner way in which policy for the area has meant that it was conceived: the deceit, the collusion and the complete disregard of principle which accomby one side or the other has stead-

ily increased. But responsibility Since 1956 Britain has lacked for the failure must be shared by the power to intervene effectively America's allies, who know what must be done but have taken no mean that we are without influconcrete steps.

On the contrary, they have given the impression of backing dawn, in deference to the U.S. from positions adopted more than a year ago in the Venice Declaration of the EEC. The European failure is once

again a more failure and I believe it will have consequences as damaging as the consequences of Eden's failure in 1956. Eden failed then because he used discreditable means to achieve an end which he could not justify. The Europeans today are failing because they are allowing American pressure to drive them off a

position of principle. Britain's obligation is an inescapable one because of our past association with Palestine. More: than 40 years ago, long before Suez, the British Government in its White Paper of 1939 declared that it was" ... not part of their policy that Palestine should become a Jewish state. They would indeed regard it as contrary to their oblig-ations under the Mandate, as well as to the assurances which have been given to the Arab people in the past, that the Arab population of Palestine should be made the subjects of a Jewish state against

their will." Mr. Begin's objective is to ensure that the remaining Arabs of Palestine shall be made "the subjects of a Jewish state against their will" - and if the Americans continue to support Israel as they are, he will achieve that objective. For us in Britain to follow meekly in the train of the Americans would be finally to go back on "the assurances which have been given to the Arab people in the past. If we do, that will not be the end

of the story. It will only be one more milestane on the way to disaster in the Middle East. All will share in that disaster, Israel most of all. We shall all deserve to. But for Britain. unless we can say with conviction that we have done everything we could to avert it, there will be a special portion of blame, and of shame. Our failure will be a moral one. We shall have

connived at a greater crime than

#### THE SUCCESS of a columnist in stimulating public discussion is usually measured by the readers' response, expressed in the number of letters sent to the editor regarding the issue under discussion.

This measure, however, seems to be difficult to apply in the Jordan Times case. Despite the fact that local columnists often involve themselves withissues of general interest that ought to stimulate public discussion, our readers are apparently not keen enough on responding to the columnists' ideas and suggestions.

As a columnist who is disappointed by the lack of interaction between the read-ers and myself. I wish to express my worries in the following letter, which is addressed to our readers, hoping that, this time at least, my point of view would be discussed, debated or even challenged.

#### Dear readers,

The lack of response, on your part, to what the Jordan

Times columnists write is annoying. This is not, of course, because we are eager to find out how glamorous we-look in your eyes, but for the simple reason that we would like to ensure that our ideas are not the only ones expressed on the issues we raise.

Letter to the readers

I feel depressed each time I think of possible reasons for the apparent breakdown in the communication system between you, the valiant readers, and ourselves, your humble columnists. One reason might be that you feel relieved once a problem, which you have already recognised, is raised by a columnist whom you think has volunteered to fight on your behalf. Another reason could be that you always think that some other reader will debate the case and thus find yourself an excuse for not

expressing your opinion. I hope, however, the reason for the lack of response is not due to your wishful thinking that our ideas, once published, will be taken care of. It would be wrong to assume

that the mere suggestion of a possible solution to a problem



# By Dr. Majdi Sah

marks the end of the case that the solution is going t automatically adopted. umnists, in most cases, hav anthority to impose solut of even convince the erament or the private se executives to recognise urgency of the matter. But unansis can do a lot be when you decide to aban your present negative attit and take a move active rol debating major issues.

The lack of response has only been felt by the column but by some of you as w One reader wrote to the Jon Times last week pointing to t problem, suggesting a sim solution: columnists shot answer the questions that th themselves raise, simp

because they are the experi-To what I have said in rep to this suggestion already, I ca only add that your input invaluable and could direct th discussion and polish u suggested solutions. You active contribution is the onl way to get worthy suggestion adopted.

After all, Columnists are no the only experts around.



# The rugby tour that exacerbated New Zealand's national divisions

-- From the Guardian

By Barry Moody

Eden's.

of the vehemence of their argo- entist at Wellington's Victoria A Labour member of par- Auckland at times resembled a nificant body of liberal-min battleground. voters are likely to desert thei Many New Zealanders fear that ing National Party because of d battle lines have now been set and anger that Mr. Muldoon failer riot police will be seen more often stop the tour and protect ) on streets where they have not Zealand from the tensions been visible in force for 30 years. division it caused. The tour also exacerbated There is a clear and str underlying racial tensions which desire for reconciliation and Mr. Bob Moodie, secretary of have appeared as Maoris moved many New Zealanders and. into the cities, especially Auckabrasive, to ugh Mr. Muldoon( land, to find work. not have an image as a man' can heal wounds. After six yea

### ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

dordan Times

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**Remember Vietnam?** 

THE ARAB WORLD has wasted no time in reacting

in kind to the "strategic" relationship that was agreed

upon in Washington last week between Israel and the

United States. A meeting of the Steadfastness and

Confrontation Front (grouping Libya, Syria, South

Yemen, Algeria and the Palestine Liberation Organ-

isation) has just decided to seek closer ties with the

Soviet Union to counter the American-Israeli

alliance. Of course, this will now be used by Washing-

ton as a pretext to work even harder to counter the

"Soviet threat" to the Arab World and the region's oil

resources. We have here not only the sickening spec-

tacle of a self-fulfilling prophecy, in which the people

of the Arab World are turned into disposable con-

veniences for the great powers. We also have a

grotesque re-run of the Nixon approach of the late

1960s, which was then based on the premise that it

was necessary to send more American soldiers to

South Vietnam to protect the Saigon government

from the communist threat from North Vietnam. It

was the growing American presence in South Vie-

tnam in the first place that attracted a larger and

stronger communist effort from Hanoi, as today it is

the growing American interference in the Middle

East that is pushing assorted Arab states to seek

superpowers right before our eyes, and we are all

falling into the trap that has been neatly if quickly laid

for us and for the Americans by Mr. Begin. This

polarisation of the area into pro-American and pro-

Soviet camps is simply another consequences of the

unresolved Palestinian-Israeli dispute. If the Ameri-

cans cannot get their priorities in order, they should

not cover up their weaknesses by going down the same road they navigated so badly in Vietnam.

The Middle East is turning into a playpen for the

closer ties with the Soviet Union.

and subscription rates are available from the

dependent dependent

### Sharon's gambit

AL RA'I: We feel certain that all efforts by Israeli. Defence Minister Ariel Sharon aimed at finding a substitute for the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) will be doomed to failure.

Sharon's plans to hold contacts with Palestinian personalities to achieve this goal will not make the Palestinian people budge from their present position and from their firm support for the PLO, which they consider to be their sole and legitimate representative.

Israel is committing a serious blunder by believing that by escalating arbitrary and oppressive measures against the Arab inhabitants it can coerce them into joining the Camp David process and into supporting the so-called autonomy rule.

There is no doubt that the Zionists will mount such a campaign against the Arab population to subdue their national will. Therefore we call on the Arab countries to raise this question and explain the conditions of the Arab in habitants under Israeli rule at the current U.N. General Assembly session where they can also expose Sharon's gambit.

It is time that Arab states mounted a major campaign at the international level to save the Arab inhabitants in Palestine from an oppression parallelled only by that practiced by the Nazis against the defeated nations of Europe in World War II.

By supporting the Palestinian people in their just struggle to regain their rights, world nations in general and Europeans in particular will be contributing to the fight against the new Nazis and their oppressive rule.

#### AWACS blackmail

AL DUSTOUR: The proposed sale of AWACS planes to Saudi Arabia has raised an unprecedented controversy in the information media world-wide. Never before has a single arms deal brought about such military and political blackmail, and a concentrated venomous campaign against a buyer (Saudi Arabia) which is willing to pay for it in cash.

The U.S. Cangress is, as known, opposed to the deal because it is unacceptable to Israel. The political clamour which was raised in the United States against the deal has gone beyond all the boundaries of international norms and the limits of diplomatic ethics: and has succeeded in creating in us a feeling of disgust to a degree that we feel a cancellation of the AWACS deal has become a national necessity.

Conditions attached to the deal, as were announced by the American Secretary of State Alexander Haig, minimise the strategic effectiveness of the AWACS planes, and are regarded as such an infringement on Saudi Arabia's sovereignty.

Saudi Arabia which can afford to strike any arms deal with another country can and must cancel this himiliating deal, and thus close the door in the face of blackmail exercised by Israel and the Zionist lobby on the American administration. Such blackmail has so far resulted in the American-Israeli strategic cooperation agreement which is not to the advantage of the Arab-Nation.

The American-Israeli deal resulting from Zionist blackmail has opened the door for superpower struggle in our region, but, most importantly, it has suspended any action towards resolving the Arab-Israeli conflict.

Is the AWACS deal worth all that? Has it not been said in the U.S. press that the deal makes Saudi Arabia a partner in the American-Israeli alliance?

We most sincerely bope that Saudi Arabia will reconsider its purchases of American equipment which have been transformed. into a weapon in Israel's bands and directed against Arab national interests.

WELLINGTON, New Zealand - The South African rugby tour has left New Zealand stunned, shocked and divided as never before in its history.

The eight weeks the South African Springboks spent in this normally serene country produced unprecedented street violence culminating in a full-scale riot in its most populous city, Auckland.

The issue, which cut right acrossclass. politics and society, was whether the tour should ever have taken place.

Opponents of South Africa's racial policies staged marches, demonstrations and clashed repeatedly with police in their attempts to halo matches.

Incensed fans of the rugby game, whose fervour at times has been compared to a religious belief, fought the anti-apartheid forces at the matches and in the streets.

Bitter disputes divided families. Some couples said they had stopped sleeping together because

#### By Sidney Weiland

LONDON - With cracks in allied unity hurriedly repaired, five Westero nations are preparing to launch a new plan for the independence of Namibia (South West Africa).

Foreign ministers of the five Namibia 'contact group' governments hope to complete work on the compromise formula when they meet at the United Nations General Assembly next week.

Officials say all five are agreed on the way ahead after an embarrassing split three weeks ago when the United States, Britain and France broke ranks in a U.N. vote on South Africa.

The three-way split raised doubts whether the contact group, which also includes Canada and West Germany, could stay together in continuing its fouryear effort to get South Africa to relinquish control of the former German colony.

This week, in another U.N. debate, all five were back on the same side. All abstained on a vote to impose sweeping economic and

Family rows were aired on radio phone-in programmes. One young woman annonneed she had left her fiance after he argued with her parents over the issue.

ments.

Brawls broke out in bars, hosts at parties and dinners threatened to throw out anyone who raised the subject.

No one was neutral.

Prime Minister Robert Muldoon, who opposed the tour but refused to deny the South Africans visas to play in this country, declared unequivocally that the tour was a disaster. Labour opposition leader Bill Rowling said: Bitterness has divided families. work places and communities."

The depth of the divisions can. be partly explained by the almost fanatical enthusiasm for rugby among many of New Zealand's three million people, who regard competition against South Africa as the world championship of the game.

But the tour also exposed underlying national divisions and tensions. Dr. Rod Alley, a political sci-

University, said it had become a symbol of basic divisions over such issues as relations between whites, Maoris and Polynesians in the multi-racial country, attitudes to civil liberties and the police, awareness of international questions and the emergence of women in society - women played a leading role in the protest movement and in violent demonstrations.

Some New Zealanders, especially those in the protest movement, said the demonstrations and violence showed a failure of democracy. Dr. Les Cleveland, another

political scientist, said the democratic system had broken down if thousands of people had to take to the streets to show their abhorrence for a policy. He said there was a danger pres-

sure groups would lose confidence in orthodox processes and this could lead to sharper conflict. Some New Zealanders also fear

the street conflicts may have permanently injured relations between the police and public.

liament said that after weeks of provocation and strain a few police officers had let the force down by going out of control. This had severely shaken the confidence in the police of some protesters, including those who had marched peacefully.

the Police Association said no policemen could remain unaffected by the strain.

Police had worked 16 to 19 hour days for eight weeks with no days off and had been subjected to 'an inexhaustible supply of spit, abuse and viciousness .... ' Mr. Moodie said.

The experience could 'result in an inability to achieve the level of restraint and objectivity that's necessary,' he added. If the tour had continued, another week, 'it could have exploded into something really nasty.'

The tour saw a quick escalation of the violence between demonstrators and police and increasing sophistication in the techniques used, culminating last weekend when quiet residential streets in up to polling day.

Although Maoris themselves were deeply divided over the tour. racial taunts were exchanged between white rugby supporters and Polynesian and Maori demonstrators at Auckland.

The unexpected scale of violence and conflict is also likely to affect November's general election, politicians from both government and opposition say.

The tour is still likely to be subordinate in electors' minds to pressing economic issues like high inflation and unemployment, but it has greatly increased the political awareness of many people and also disrupted the parties' build-

being blamed by many New 2 landers for the country's econt problems. On the other hand, Mr. 1 doon, always attractive to 1 wing working class voters, have gained the support of n fans who would normally vot the opposition Labour P which opposed the tour.

line' states of black Africa.

made useful progress in

suading South Africa to con

talking and to accept a U.N.1

South African Foreign Mi

South Africa believes the

s biased because it recognis

Marxist-led SWAPO as the

authentic voice of Namibia

million people. The contact

is seeking to assure Pretori

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South Africa claimed to

captured 12 Soviet-made

and other Soviet equipment

have killed four Russians

strikes in Angola over a l

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SWAPO guerrillas and An

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Officials in Pretoria have

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They said U.S. mediaton

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The issue is likely to realive until close to the poll be of the large number of court to be processed. Nearly 2 people were arrested during tour.

· -- Re.

# Closing ranks on independence of Namibia

other sanctions against the Pretoria government.

> "Everybody is back on board again, working for a negotiated settlement," a Britisb official said. The five nations, rebuffed when South Africa refused to set a handover date in negotiations last January, aim to get talks started soon on a revised blueprint tailored to overcome Pretoria's deep-rooted suspicion of the U.N.

They say they hope independence arrangements under a U.N. umbrella can get under way next year. Original U.N. plans called for a South African withdrawal by the end of 1981.

When the foreign ministers meet in New York on Thursday, it will be their third meeting on Namibia in five months.

The proposals they hope to finalise include constitutional guarantees for Namibia's 110,000 whites and other minority groups when a black-led government eventually takes over.

Namibia, a mineral-rich territory administered by South Africa for 65 years, is the last major black African area still awaiting independence. South Africa has stayed on in defiance of repeated U.N. calls for a self-rule settlement.

Contact group efforts at mediation were seriously threatened when South African forces swept into neighbouring Angola in late August in an attempt to destroy Namibian guerrilla bases.

The south West Africa People's Organisation (SWAPO) has fought a low-level busb war against South Africa for 15 years, operating largely from Angolan

sure over the Angolan raids when

a strong backer of Third World causes, voted against South Africa, and Britam abstained.

Washington said the U.N.'s powerful Afro-Asian majority was seeking to indict South Africa while ignoring the presence of between 14,000 to 20,000 Cuban troops in Angola.

While all five governments have sought to maintain a united front in the contact group, France, West Germany and Canada have been uneasy over the Reagan administration's softer line on South Africa's policy of racial apartheid.

Reagan aides argue that a lower-keyed approach to South Africa, after years of U.S. condemnation, and the prospect of eloser cooperation with the West may help nudge Pretoria back to negotiating on Namibia.

Britain, whose stand is closer to the U.S. view, tried to get both the United States and France to abstain on the Angola resolution, and later mounted an urgent bridge-building operation to restore contact group unity.

By the time a special session of the U.N. General Assembly came to vote last Monday on a black

force when South African t are withdrawn. African call for sanctions against South Africa, all five had agreed to abstain. been reached 'where we can

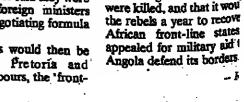
Diplomats said U.S. delegates originally wanted to cast a 'no' vote, but were persuaded to stay neutral.

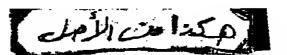
In the earlier Security Council vote, only the United States, Britain and France were involved. Canada and West Germany are not represented on the peacekeeping body.

Contact group sources said all five governments agreed a .solution should be based on independence proposals set out by the U.N. in its resolution 435 on Namibia in 1978.

There were still 'differences of emphasis' on how this should be done, but they were not serious enough to hamper the mediation effort. The sources said they were confident the foreign ministers would draft a negotiating formula dext week.

The proposals would then be discussed with Pretoria and Namibia's neighbours, the 'front-





sanctuaries since 1975. South Africa escaped U.N. cen-

the United States vetoed a condemnatory resolution in the Security Council on August 31, claim-

ing it was one-sided. France's Socialist government,

#### JORDAN TIMES, SUNDAY SEPTEMBER 20, 1981

Toxic chemicals in the form of pesticides have been a boon in controlling diseases carried by insects and microbes. By reducing sickness and increasing agricultural production, they have made life better for millions of people.

But toxic chemicals in food have also been responsible for several devastating epidemics:

-- Over 6,000 people in Iraq were admitted to hospital with food poisoning in an outhreak in 1971 -1972. More than 500 of them died. The cause: contaminated bread which had been prepared from cereals treated with alkylmercury fungicides. The pesticide designed to protect a crop had, turned into a man-killer.

- Japan has suffered two major epidemics of methylmercury poisoning from the industrial release of mercury compounds. into Minamata Bay and the Agano River, followed by accumulation of the mercury by edible fish. At Minamata, the dead bodies of Japanese fishermen contained from 50 to 30,000 times more methylmercury than normal. Some newborn infants at Minamata were found to have 20 to 30 per cent more mercury in their blood corpuscles than their mothers. A foetus has at least four times the sensitivity of an adult to methylmercury. The result: an unusually high proportion of children were born with rare deformities.

-- Epidemic Jaundice with a high mortality rate broke out in more than 150 villages in north-west India in 1974. Nearly 100 people died among the 994 who fell ill. The outbreak followed the consumption of badly stored maize. Aflatoxins, producing liver damage, have been detected in groundnuts, maize and tree nuts, The jaundice victims in north-east India could have been exposed to: heavy doses of aflatoxins for several weeks. The origin of such toxins; bacteria and moulds which grow in or on food.

Pesticide residues in crops, pollutants taken up by fish and other aquatic organisms from the water, and substances produced by the growth of bacteria or moulds are

just three ways toxic chemicals can enter the human food chain, the wildlife. 1981 State of the World Envi-

ronment Report notes. The latest annual report of the tical techniques and the lack of executive director of the United good methods for measuring some contaminants and partly from. Nations Environment Programme statistical sampling problems," (UNEP), Dr. Mostafa K. Tolba, calls for measures to reduce the UNEP reports. levels of toxic chemicals in foods. "As a result, general statements At the same time, the report about the scale of the food conpresses for more research into tamination problem are bound to how contaminants accumulate contain various inaccuracies. At and move through the food chain the same time, as more evidence and for research into their effects of contamination of food with on human health. The steps toxic chemicals has been obtained, should include development of it has increasingly been realised

control methods, Dr. Tolha to human health posed by many advises. chemicals present in food is In a special chapter focussing on inadequate. There is a dearth of toxic chemicals and human food reliable information about the

monitoring systems and better

chains, the report says monitoring The double programmes have so far produced only limited information about the concentrations of substances such as long-lived radio isotopes, persistent organochlorine pesticides, agents of health polychlorinated biphenyls. (PCBS) and metals in human tissues, selected foodstuffs and "These inadequacies result partly from differences in analy-

long-term risks involved in expos-

ure to most substances," the

standably concerned by the fact

that toxicologists are at present

unable to give reliable estimates of

Monitoring System (GEMS), in cooperation with the Food and

Agriculture Organisation (FAO)

isation (WHO), prepared

guidelines in 1979 for establishing

or strengthening national prog-

rammes to monitor food con-

and the World Health Organ-

UNEP's Global Environmental

The general public is under-

report says.

the risk."

Under a joint programme of the FAO, UNEP and WHO, 20 institutes in different countries are carrying out studies to monitor the contamination of animal feed. The **GEMS** Food Contamination Monitoring Programme -- in which 21 countries are taking part is trying to provide better information on food contamination through its system of international

cooperation. Some pathways for toxic chemicals into the human food chain -and their dangerous effects -- are well known. Chemicals present in the soil may be taken up hy the roots of plants used as food for. man or animals. "The epidemic of chronic cadmium poisoning (itaiitai disease) in Japan in the 1940s was caused by the consumption of rice and other foods which were heavily contaminated with cadmium taken up from irrigation water polluted with effluent from a zinc mine," the UNEP study

reports. "There is some evidence that in Sweden the level of cadmium in autumn wheat has increased during the last 50 years, prohably due to contamination of the soil with cadmium by deposition from the atmosphere or from phosphate fertilisers," it adds. Cadmium and lead are concentrated within matter taken up by the edible mollusc (mussels and oysters). Fish and other aquatic organisms have shown a marked increase in the level of DDT, PCBs, toxaphene and hydrocarbons in their tissues as a result of contamination of rivers, lakes and coastal waters.

But the causes and effects are not always so easy to measure. Fish can accumulate PCBs, for example. Feeding cows and poul-

PCBs can transfer the toxin to milk and eggs. PCB poisoning can cause disturbances of the respiratory system, hypersecretion in the eyes, alter pigmentation and result m skin eruptions. It has also been found to produce liver cancer in rats and mice. But in the amounts to which humans are normally exposed, the cancer risk remains uncertain.

Residues of antibiotics, hormones and other drugs used to treat or prevent animal diseases or to promote growth may be present m meat, milk or eggs. The residue levels are usually very low and prohably pose little risk to human health, the report agrees. But it adds: "There is concern about the risk of development of pools of antimicrobial-resistant bacteria pathogenic to man or domestic animals."

Preservative agents and antioxidants offer benefit to health because they prevent food from spoiling. But some additives, such as nitrites and sulphur dioxide, can react with other food components, UNEP warns. Certain kinds of food colouring and preservatives produce allergic rashes and asthma in a small fraction of the population, according to a WHO report.

Commercial processing of food and even the preparation of food at home can lead to toxic contamination. Researchers found trace amounts of carcinogenic PAH (polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons) in smoked and grilled foods though fresh meat and fish contain no detectable amounts of the substance. A Japanese scientific team found that heating of proteins or certain amino acids produced compounds which were mutagenic in bacterial tests and try fishmeal contaminated by . therefore potentially carcogenic.

For the general public, food is the major source of expansions to the chemicals (UNEP photo)

sis," it says.

Tim cans have been shown to contaminate food with tin from the can walls or lead from the soldered side seams. The levels of lead in canned foods are often 5 to 20 times as high as in the fresh food or food packed in other types of container. UNEP points out. But tin contamination can be solved by using plastic linings and lead-soldering eliminated by compression sealing, the report stresses.

The State of the Environment Report says well-organised. national systems of food control are needed to ensure the population is not exposed to foods containing dangerous levels of chemical or biological contaminations. "There is also the urgent need to improve sampling techniques and intra-laboratory analytical quality control in the field of food analy-

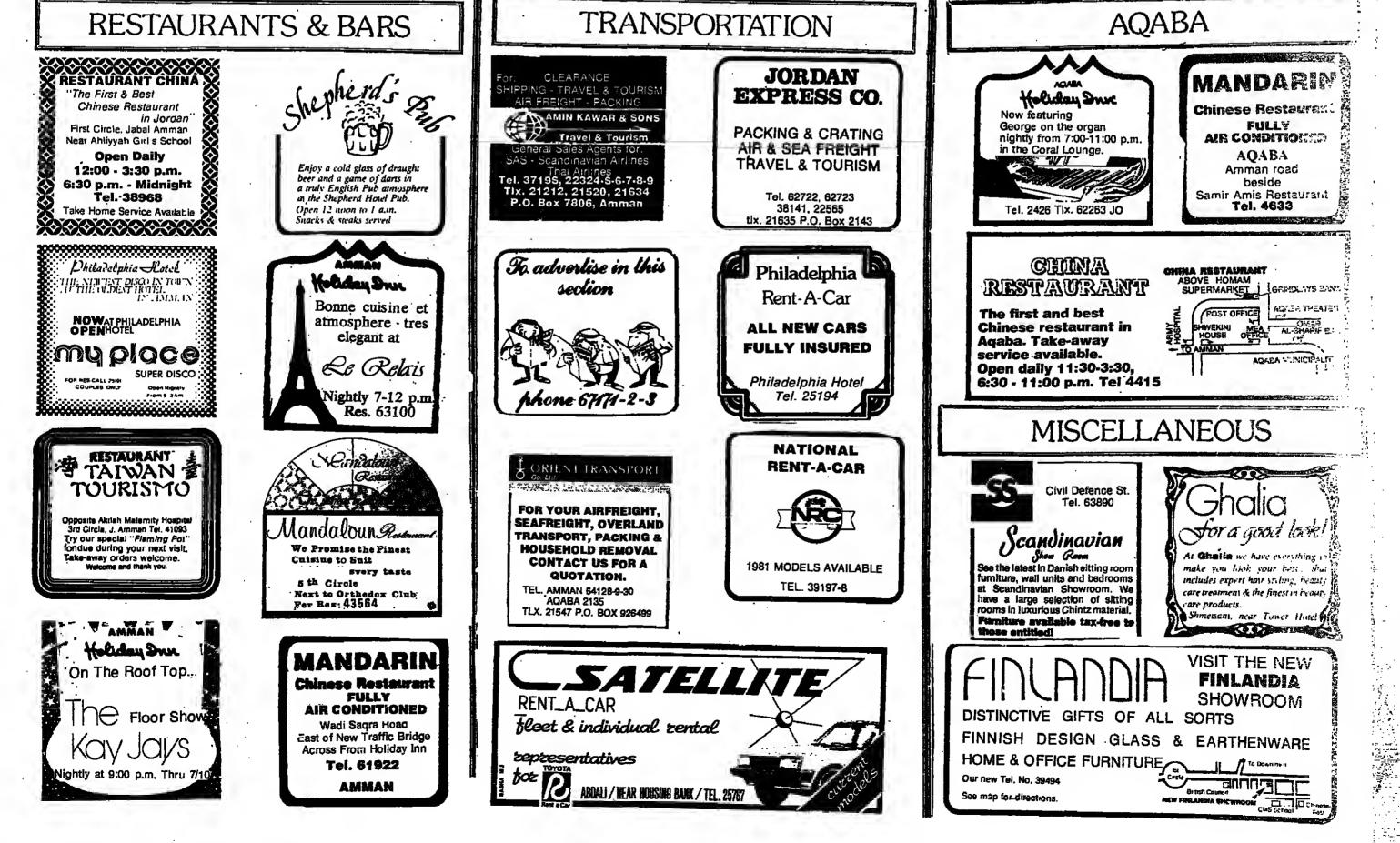
"Considerable research ..... necessary in order to elacidate the different pathways and fittes of toxic chemicais in the entironment, the routes of charries in in food chains and the local? hazards resulting from the cost instances," the UNEP report succes "In the case of many chemicals, it ; is still not known how far man is at risk from exposure to very line concentrations over a lifetime

"And finally, there is the need for much better interaction cooperation to obtain infraagreement to restrict the onecharge of toxic chemicals into the ers and to limit atmospheric heles lution by chemicals which are affect food production of their sale the levels of toxic substances food.

UNEP News Feringe



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# U.K. inflation rate up to 11.5%

LONDON, Sept. 19 (R) — Bri-tain's annual inflation rate last month showed its first significant increase in over a year, the gov-

LUONOMY

ernment said yesterday. Retail prices in the 12 months to August rose by 11.5 per cent from July's figure of 10.9 per cent, the employment department said.

It was the first significant increase since May 1980, when the rate of inflation reached 21.9 per cent, and it struck a blow to the government's anti-inflation strategy.

But officials said they thought the August figures were only a temporary reversal in the Conservative government's plan to get inflation down to 10 per cent by the year's end.

Price rises for oil, petrol, coal and cigarettes were the main reason for last month's increase, though some food prices fell.

The news came at a time when sterling has been weak on foreign exchange markets because of concern over the British economy. The government, through the

Bank of England. intervened on Monday to raise interest rates to bolster the currency.

increase and figures to be published next week are expected to show a further worsening. The jobless total stood at 2,852,082. or 12.2 per cent of the work force. in July and is expected to top three

million soon. Meanwhile, the Bank of England said industrial output in Britain rose during the first half of this year but gave little support to United States continued to take the government view that the their toll. country was climbing out of economic recession.

The bank, in its latest quarterly bulletin on economic developments, appeared to hold our little hope of Britain making a speedy economic recovery. "It is impossible to be certain

whether the positive or negative factors will prevail. the bank said. The report said output by

man-hour rose by three to four per cent in the first half of the year.

Unemployment is also on the

Britain's Conservative gov- despite optimistic noises from the ernment wants to revive the Treasury (finance ministry), the central bank refuses to be drawn economy by monetarist policies in its quarterly bulletin on what involving cuts in public spending and strict controls on credit. But might happen next.

# Japan's car exports fall

TOKYO, Sept. 19 (R) - Japan's munity (EEC) and the U.S..

two largest car manufacturers. The U.S. took one per cent Toyota and Nissan, yesterday fewer vehicles from Toyota, but announced sharp falls in their nearly 20 per cent less from Nis-August exports as curbs on shipsan ments to Western Europe and the

Shipments by Toyota to the EEC were sharply down by 48.7 per cent and those by Nissan fell Toyota Motors, the largest pro-16.1 per cent. ducer in Japan and number two

However, exports by Toyota to worldwide after General Motors Britain jumped over 82 per cent although shipments by Nissan dropped more than 17 per cent dropped 29 per cent. from a year before, the largest fall

this year and the fifth consecutive The president of Japan's Automobile Manufacturers Association (JAMA), Takashi Ishihara, Nissan Motor's exports during the month moved down by 21 per told a news conference Japan may cent. As with Toyota, its declines stop shipping light commercial were most substantial in exports to vehicles to Britain for the rest of the European Economic Comthis year.

# ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

## Zimbabwe gas stations out of petrol

SALISBURY, Sept. 14 (A.P.1 - "No petrol" signs were up at several Zimbabwe petrol stations today in face of the country's fuel shortage.

Prime Minister Robert Mugabe's 16-month government has blamed the shortage on problems in transporting the fuel by road and rail from neighbouring South Africa.

The fuel shortage has confronted the country at a time when it is harvesting a record crop of 8 million tons of corn, much of which will have to be stored.

Garage owners have for three weeks been rationing petrol to motorists, limiting sales to as little as two gallons a time.

#### New coal deposits found in Pakistan

LAHORE. Pakistan. Sept. 19 (A.P.1 - New coal deposits totall ing an estimated 5 million tons have been discovered in the Mianwali district of Punjab province, about 160 kilometres southwest of Islamabad, Mr. Allahyar Khan, industries minister of Punjab province, said today.

He told coal mine owners in Lahore that mining of the new deposits will begin by the end of the current financial year and is expected to yield about 15,000 tons per year. Subsequently, he said, yearly production is expected to increase to about 50,000 tons.

Mr. Allahyar said several coal mines are already in operation in Sargodha and Jhelium districts in Punjab province. The two districts are areas abutting Mianwali where the latest deposits have been found.

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He said the equivalent of about \$3 million have been allocated by the Punjab provincial government to further explore for other minerals -- like gypsum -- in the area.

He also said Asian Development Bank experts are studying the feasibility of an integrated project for mining the minerals in the area.

#### China urged to boost oil, coal exports

PEKING. Sept. 19 (R) - The head of China's state economic commission today called for increased oil and coal exports to pay for the opening up of further energy reserves.

Yuan Baohua, writing in the Communist Party sicological journal Red Flag, also stressed the need for energy conservation and said the West had come to a dead end by wasting resources. Mr. Yuan said China needed to boost production of consumer

goods, especially in the countryside where peasants have reaped considerable benefits from liberalised economic policies allowing them to sell surplus produce on the free market.

"We can build on the foundation of boosting oil exports to increase foreign currency reserves, thus creating a special fund for opening up energy resources and related railway and harbour construction," he added.

# Ireland's development authorities vie for foreign investment

#### By Stewart Dalby

DUBLIN: The Irish Industrial Development Authority (IDA) is widely thought to be the best in the business of attracting foreign investors.

A senior official at the Northero Ireland Development Agency (NIDA) agrees that "anyone trying to attract foreign investment would have to take the IDA very seriously." He adds that Ireland bas brought so many companies into the Republic that the situation tends to be self reinforcing. "More companies arrive because so many are there already. They have created the right kind of industrial climate."

Mr. Padraic White, the 1DA's managing director, is inclined to dismiss some of the praise. "We recent years.

field. "You must remember they are working against overwhelming odds with the troubles up there. The political situation would deter anybody, yet in recent years NIDA has brought in some good companies."

Despite Mr. White's modesty. and the point he makes that in contrasting development agencies you are not always comparing like with like since different countries are looking for different kinds of investment, the widespread feeling is that the IDA has been more successful than its competitors in

What are the attractions of Ire-land that have led to so much investment success?

of the U.S., said its August exports

monthly decline.

It is not as if investing in Ireland is entirely without disadvantages. Communications are bad. The telephone system has a welldeserved reputation for being the worst in Western Europe -- the IDA admits that the first question virtually any potential investor asks is whether or not he can even get a telephone.

The quality of Ireland's roads are also poor and the country has few energy sources of its own. Eight per cent of its energy has to be imported and it is expensive. The country has a reputation for

bad industrial relations and Mr. Denis Faulkner, the chairstrikes. This is only partly justified because most of the disputes are in the public sector and service industries. In the private sector. particularly among the new foreign companies, relations generally have been good although the effect of public sector strikes on

man of the NIDA, reckons that wage rates in the Republic are higher than in Ulster. Ireland has just experienced two years during which inflation ran at an annualised rate of 20 per cent.

Mr. White warned recently that the 1981 target of projects which

The two Irelands, Ulster and the Republic, are in competition to attract foreign companies. With all its political problems, Ulster has fared none too badly, but the Republic has had extraordinary success.

telephone and postal services -can be severely damaging.

the private sector -- such as in the could lead to 56,000 jobs over the next five years would be missed unless the country gets its spiral-

ling costs under control. In terms of what the two agencies in Ireland -- Dublin-based IDA, and the NIDA in Belfast offer by way of incentives. Northern Ireland would seem to have the edge.

In Ulster there is a grant of 50 per cent towards the cost of building a new factory: there are tax allowances for stock depreciation and training grants: these benefits come from the Department of Commerce

The NIDA, which acts as a sort of Government-funded merchant bank, can additionally grant loans and take equity investments. In all, government money in one form or another can account for 90 per cent of the total start-up cost of a project.

The De Lorean Motor project, for example, has received in some form £72 million of British tax payers' money to create 2,000 jobs. Some of this money will be paid back in the form of royalties and the like, but the initial cost is something like £36,000 a job.

The IDA says that, on average, it spends L£7,000 on creating each new job. It has a budget this year of 1£200 million (S247.8 million).

But apart from cash incentives, the IDA scores over NIDA in three ways: First, an incoming investor has had to deal with only one agency, the IDA. The Authority will find a site, fix up the grant, and make all the arrangements for a company starting up. In Northero Ireland, the investor has to go

to the Department of Commerce took place when Ferenka, a Dutch for his grant, and the NIDA for his loans, and the project has to go back and forth to the relevant Department in Whitehall for approval. It is cumbersome in the extreme.

Second, the political climate inthe Republic is more settled than in Ulster, and the evidence suggests this is important to investors.

Third, there is the tax advantage in investing in Ireland. Until January this year companies paid no tax on exports; for all intents and purposes this meant that foreign companies which set up in Ireland paid no tax at all. From January of this year a straight corporation tax of 10 per cent was introduced. This compares with corporation tax of 52 per cent in Northern Ireland.

It is small wonder that with such low tax rates a recent survey by the U.S. Commerce Department in Washington found that U.S. companies in Ireland enjoyed an average return on capital employed of 29.4 per cent in 1980.

Mr. White says that there have been few companies pulling up stakes and leaving. There was one well-publicised failure, and this

company, closed its factory making cord for tyres in Limerick with a loss of 1,400 jobs. But that was in 1977, and since then few collapses seem to have occurred, However, there is concern that

a large part of the country's manutacturing work force is employed by multinationals.

There is no law which says that Irishmen and women must be on the board of local companies, or even that they be appointed managers.

There are rules about remitting all profits or even all capital -- the IDA does have a 10-year lien on the grant it gives -- but that is virtually its only major control.

The IDA reckons that about a third of the total manufacturing work force of 250,000 people are employed by foreign concerns. If one talks about small manufacturing concerns employing more than 100 people, however, than the ratio is probably nearer 50 per cent.

Ireland would, therefore, seen to be vulnerable, in particular, to the whims of U.S. multinational companies

**Financial Times news feature** 



Advertise by mail

do not win them all," he said recently. "Nippon Electric recently expanded in Scotland. We would certainly like to have got that one." He adds that "the people in the North who are trying to attract foreign investment are

# as professional as anyone in the

# in the Jordan Times

The Jordan Times can accept classified advertisements that are sent in by mail and accompanied by full payment in cash. Readers and advertisers who cannot conveniently

- 1. Full payment in cash or check accompanies the advertisement.
- 2. The minimum charge for a single advertisement is JD 6
- 3. Advertisements sent by mail cannot contain any artwork such as company emblems, photos or drawings, but must consist only of a headline and copy that will be typset by the Jordan Times.
- 4. Advertisements are not accepted over the telephone or telex, and guaranteed insertions on specific dates can only be assured by sending in the advertisements so they reach the Jordan Times office at least two days before the required day of publication.

bring their advertisements to the Jordan Times office or to an advertising agency office in Amman may send in their ads by mail on the following conditions:

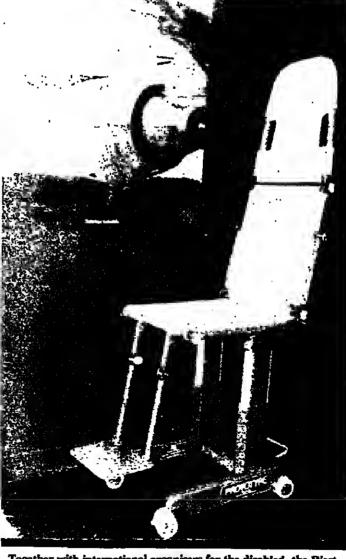
- 5. For the minimum price of JD 6, the advertiser will have published an advertisement of three centimetres on two columns, which will have a maximum of 30 words, including the headline and telephone numbers to be called. The JD 6 charge is for one insertion; two insertions cost JD 12, three insertions cost JD 18, etc.
- 6. For a larger ad, the rates are JD 8 for 40 words and JD 10 for 50 words.
- 7. You can take advantage of the Jordan Times advertising by mail facility by completing the from below and mailing it with full payment in cash or check to:

**Advertising Department** The Jordan Times, P.O.Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

(write one word only per box - please print)

Please publish the above advertisement in the Jordan Times on day (s). Enclosed is payment of

Name : Address : Santafuntà :



Air travel wheelchair

Together with international organisers for the disabled, the West German manufacturers of the Airbus airliner are trying to make sure the airliner is fitted nut as well as possible for the handicapped. Messerschmitt-Boelkow-Blohm in Hamburg will soon unveil a wheelchair specially devised for use on board the Airbus. The seat height of the 8-kg. chair can be adjusted hydraulically, and the armrest folded back. (DaD photo)

**AL ZUHOUR STORES** 

FOR TOYS

# The United Automot Trading Co. Ltd. Tel. 65732 Amman - Jordan King Hussein St. Abdaly PEUGEOT

## SECRETARY WANTED

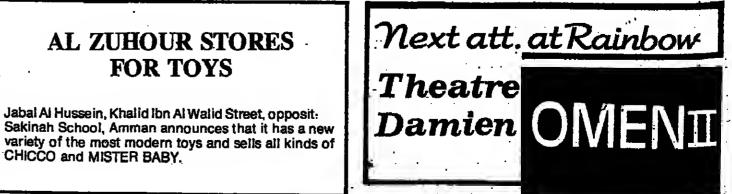
Technical Arab Company is in need of an experienced secretary. English typing is a must.

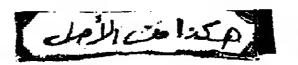
Non-Jordanian applicants are acceptable.

The meeting is in the company offices, Jabal Amman - near Asfour Taxi, service line No. 2, Jerdaneh Office, Tel. 37512 on Monday 21-9-'81, Tuesday 22-9-'81.

GOETHE-INSTITUTE AMMAN	í
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LEHRKRAFT	

fuer das Fach Deutsch als F von Unterricht an Erwach Abendkursen. Qualifizierte Interessenten stellung eingeladen. Bitte nehmen Sie Kontakt a	sene in Nachmittag- und sind ab sofort zur Vor-
Goethe Inatitute	Telefon 41 993
Jabal Amman	Montag-Donnerstag
Al-Hikma Street	und Samstag
P.O. B. 1675	von 9 - 13 Uhr





CHICCO and MISTER BABY.

بكذا مت الأجل

JORDAN TIMES, SUNDAY SEPTEMBER 20, 1981

Page 7

Satre

# ystery surrounds Springboks' U.S. tour

3O, Sept. 19 (R) - Secinded the opening game uth African rugby tour of ted States today with s refusing to disclose the an attempt to thwart theid demonstrators.

igby officials insisted the sold go ahead, despite a Organisation of African (AU) yesterday for a boycott against the ates. It was not immediir whether the boycott iude the 1984 Olympics

uth African team slipped to the Uoited States last from New Zealand, heir two-month tour e worst demonstrations in the natioo's history. pening game of their tch American tour is to be played against a team somewhere in the mea.

re was uncertainty over 24 hours whether the juld actually be held. ke Nollman of the Midby Union told Reuters; ot be scruhbed." outh African team manmnes Classen said: "We have a game tomor-

> m said the media would id where the game was ace and that only the nd a select band of specsuld be given the secret

rganisers fear demoucould flare into violence. izi group said it intended the crowd and prevent

anti-tour potesters disrupting the game.

Black goups opposed to the tour becaue of racial segregation in white-nled South Africa have arranged : rally in Chicago this morning. 'hey plan to have huses standing by to rush protesters to the game if they can find out where it it.

Last night about 150 hlack protesters attended a rally on Chicago's south side to denounce the South African tour. Speakes also condemned the

Reagan administration for allowing the South Africans into the country. In Indanapolis, a spokesman for the L.S. Olympic Committee

said then was no one available to commen oo the OAU boycott call. All the committee's top execu-

tives were on their way to Baden-Laden, West Germany, for the International Olympic Committee meeting starting on

Tuesday. In the New York state capital of Albany, Judge James Foley issued a show anse order directing the state attorney general to explain in court on Mooday why the Springboks' match there should not be played.

The Eastern Rugby Uoion, promoters of the match, had gone to court to try to stop Governor Hugh Carey from cancelling the game.

Meanwhile in Moscow, the Soviet National Olympic Committeetoday described the present U.S. tour by South Africa's Springboks rugby team as a vio-latioo of the Olympic charter.

# 's comeback fight for December

)RK, Sept. 19 (R) - The still indefinite. Ali, who has not fought since his 's of a heavyweight boxa between former world humiliating defeat by World Box--ing Council (WBC) champion 1 Mubammad Ali and Larry Holmes on October 2 last champion Trevor Beryear, repeated today everything today it will be held in. that he had said at the earlier press Bahamas, early io

conference. "I'm coming back because it is 2-round bout was first possible that I can win the title a ed at a press conference fourth time," Ali said. "I'll shock eptember 1. Ali gave the the world again. Remember Jecember 2.

Anti-Springbok rugby tour protesters with 'stop apartheid sports' placards marching outside Chicago Athletic Association huilding where team is reportedly staying (A.P. Wirephoto)

The committee said in a statement it was a matter of special concern that the South African team was being made welcome in ooe of the host nations for the 1984 Olympics.

It said it would give full support to African protests against the tour hut made no mention of a boycott of the 1984 summer Olympics in Los Angeles.

The committee, headed hy Sergei Pavlov, chairman of the

ference.

from secood place.

the second half.

#### Ipswich shrug off UEFA Cup defeat

For good measure, Ipswich con-tributed the Notts goal -- an own goal by Russell Osman which LONDON, Sept. 19 (R) — Ipswich, shrugging off a midweek flop in the UEFA Cup, pulled off a hriefly made the deficit look less striking 4-1 win over Notts formidable. County at Nottingham today to It was a stark cootrast to the challenge the leaders in the English soccer championship.

lacklustre defeoce of their UEFA cup in midweek wheo Jpswich West Ham, the unbeaten leadwere lucky to share two goals with ers, were held to a goalless draw at the Scots of Aberdeeo. West Bromwich, and remain Birmingham, starting the day above lpswich only on goal dif-

two points off the bottom, beat igh-spending Manchester City 3-0, thanks to Tony Evans. He Swansea, like West Ham newly-promoted from Division scored within two minutes of the start of each half and made good Two, went down 1-0 to Manchester United and drop down his hat-trick with 12 minutes to

State Sports Committee, dis-

missed suggestions that as rugby

was oot an Olympic sport the tour

was unrelated to the 1984 games.

try hosting the Olympics has to

give e guarantee that it will fully

observe the rules of the Olympic

charter in the period of pre-paration for the games," it added.

this shameful action rests on its

organisers," it said.

The cotire responsibility for

"The government of the coun-

Liverpool and Aston Villa, Eng-Both London clubs who are European aspirants added good land standard-bearers in the European Cup, played a goalless draw in which Liverpool's exleague results to first leg wins in Europe in midweek. Arsenal held England midfielder Ray Kennedy was ordered off for crude retali-Leeds to a goalless draw and their neighbours Tottenham beat Everatioo eight minutes from time. ton 3-0.

Alan Brazil, not fully fit, began Everton held out for 64 minutes and ended the Ipswich scoring. before Graham Roberts made the His fellow-Scot John Wark made break, leaving time for Chris Hughton and a Glenn Hoddle it 2-0 and Dutch star Arnold penalty to underline Spurs' mas-Muhren scored midway through tery.

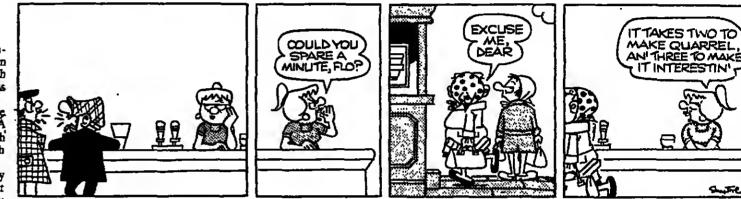
## S. Korea to send delegation to IOC meeting discussing Olympics venue

SEOUL, Sept. 19 (R) - South Korea wants to stage the 1988 Olympic Games and is sending a six-man delegation to an International Olympic Committee (IOC) meeting in West Germany later this month to put its case. Seoul Mayor Park Young-Su said today. Mr. Park told a press conference that the South Korean capital, competing with the Japanese city of Nagoya for the right to stage the Olympics, was fully capable of being the venue of the games. Sixty per cent of the necessary facilities had been built.

The IOC is due to vote on the venue at the Baden-Baden meeting Japan had already held the games, Mr. Park said. Although South Korea had no diplomatic relations with communist nations, it would guarantee free entry to athletes and officials of all IOC member nations.

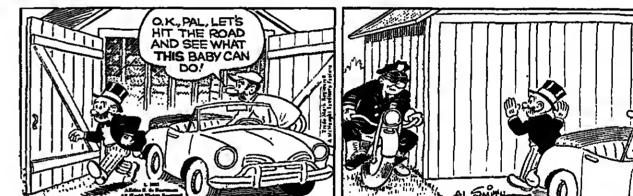
## Peanuts





## Mutt 'n' Jeff

Andy Capp



# LONDON, Sept. 19 (A.P.) — The English cricket season came to close yesterdey night when Lancashire won the firstever floodlit Lambert and Butler Cup at Chelsea Soccer Stadium in West London.

A sparse crowd of under 3,000 turned up for the seven-a-side 10-overs knock-out competition hut were treated to a dazzling display of hitting hy West Indian Clive Lloyd who scored 83 not out in the final against Liecestershire and earned his county the top prize of £2,500.

English cricket season ends

Lloyd had earlier cracked another 81 in the semi-final against Somerset proving that, at 37, he is still one of the finest batsmen in the world.

Lancashire scored 151 for 3 in the final, making the opposition scored more than 15 runs an over to win. Leics reached 136-4, 15 runs short of victory. West Indian Andy Roberts scored 52 not out.

Ali, three times world 1 who will be 40 on Januid 27-year-old Berbick, a who now lives in Nova Scotia, attended press conference today,

FEL

(George) Foreman? Ten years later, after Listoo, I beat Foreman when nobody gave me a chance.' A spokesman for the promoters declined to say what purses Ali

Liston? Kememne

(Sonny)

poters said the date was. and Berbick would receive. GOREN BRIDGE CHARLES H. GOREN

HGEO low or other, I derstand how to to a hand. I don't mean A H i sie point count. But pick up a good hand, often I end up in an une contract. And at imes, I will hold a near sugh and drop the bidte a hot potate, only to hat we could make w even sizm. Even at d stakes, my lesses s over the year, but it is de that takes most of eating. Help|-R. s, Ft. Lauderdale,

1 by Chicago Tribune

question has been 'd the weekly prize.) our failure is tha into recognize what is io the trede ea c valuation". That is e x term to describe a. simple phenomenon. . hidding progresses, due of the hand inwa and decreases, ling on whether your xates e fit, whether s duplication of values,

s look at a couple of ex-. Suppose you hold: •9xx♥AKJx ◊ AQ ♦AQ r ' . have a very fine hand. ren with a demand bid 'o spades. Partner ds two no trump and bid three hearts. Part-Jebids three spades. you look for slam?

only is the answer an "itle "no," but if you go and you certainly I you should try three Partner's first bid aegative, abowing than 7 points. His sebid was a simple ence, again denying aing of value. If

-

partner's hand is a oear hust. yoo could end np losing a multitude of tricks in your suit, hut the no trump gama might be impregnable if partner holds a decent minor. Here's another example:

+AQIEX ♡x ◊KQJx +III You opeo the hidding with one spade and partner responds four clubs. That is a aplinter bid abowing a aingleton club and the values for a raise to three spades. How do you like your hand, now?

Your minimum opening bid hea suddenly grown in stature. Bid Blackwood and, if partner ahows two aces, contract for slam. Ha probahly has the king of trumps, which makes six spades a virtual laydown, hot, at worst, the hand abould dapend on a finesse.

Howaver, let's assume that partner reaponds four diamonds instead, showing a singletoo diamond. Now all your diamond values represent duplication, and evan four apades could be defeated off the top.

The great English writer S.J. Simon posed an in-South, the auction proceeded something like: West North East South

1 4 2 4 2 0 Pass 30 40 50 . Pass Pass 6 V Pass - 7 You hold: ♦Kur Øxxxx Øxxx ♦xxx What do you bid now? Simon maintained that the

only right hid was seven hearts. Partner forced you to choose between tha major suits at the six-level despite the fact that he was missing the king of apades. Obviously, he expected to make twelve tricks without the king of spades. Therefore,

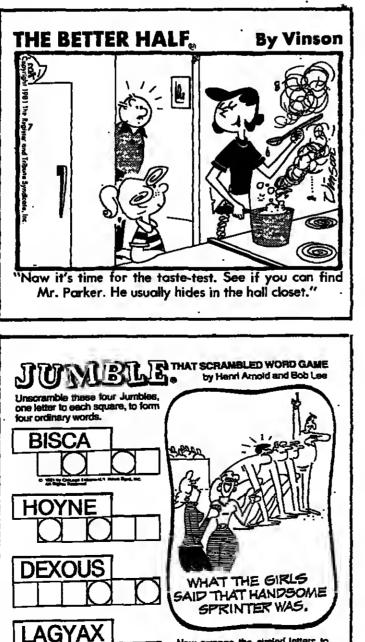
with it you should be able to

make thirteen tricks.



One-bedroom apartment new villa, with central heating and a garden, and private entrance; in Umm Uthaina.

Call: Tel. 812821



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon. Print answer here: (Answers tomorrow) Jumbles: ACUTE VENOM FEUDAL BENIGN

Yesterday's Answer: Spoken somawhat coldly-"VO-ICE-D" FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, SEPT. 20, 1981



GENERAL TENDENCIES: A good day to be aleft to all that is going on about you for your reasoning powers are excellent now. There are strong influences that can help you gain your objectives today.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Study your finest aims and plan the future more intelligently. Take time to engage in favorite hobby with congenials.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Consult friends who can give you valuable information now. Make plans that can improve your financial position.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) You would do well to consult influential persons for advice you need at this time. Take no chances with your reputation.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Step out of that dull routine you are in and engage in new activities that will improve your present status.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Follow your hunches which could prove most helpful now. Be alert and take advantage of new opportunities.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Maka plans to have more security in the future. Become more eware of present trends. Take needed health treatments.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Plan how to extend your activities so you can gain more benefits in the days ahead. Try to improve conditions around yoo.

SCORPIO (Oct. 28 to Nov. 21) Make plans to gain your most cherished aims and then carry through in fine fashion. Show that you are thoughtful.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Elevate your thoughts so that you can make greater progress in the future. Strive for happiness.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Talk with influential persons who can help you advance in your line of endeavor. Take advantage of an opportunity.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 2I to Feb. 19) Make plans to have greater income in the future. Study ways to increase your efficiency in career activities.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Focus your sights on plans that can increase your income in the days shead. Don't let outside affairs deter your progress.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will be able to become most successful in life if more attention is given to gain knowledge. Be sure to equip your progeny with a fine education. There is the ability here to teach others. Don't neglect ethical training.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

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# **Guillotine ends in France**

PARIS, Sept. 19 (R) — France has moved into line with its European partners by abolishing the death penalty, condemning the dreaded guillotine to the scrap heap,

Deputies in the 491-seat Socialist-dominated national assembly voted strongly vesterday against the guillotine, used to execute convicts in France since the 18th century.

Other countries in the European Economic Community (EEC) have either ended capital punishment formally or allowed n to fall into disuse.

The French bill adopted today, by 363 votes to 117, goes even further and abolishes capital punishment unconditionally.

An amendment put up by opposition members, proposing a mandatory prison sentence for murderers, was rejected.

The vote was taken after a two-day debate, distinguished by an impassioned plea for abolition by Justice Minister Robert Badinter, a lawyer famous for his. defence of prisoners facing the blade.

## 8 passengers follow hijackers to seek asylum in W. Berlin

BERLIN, Sept. 19 (A.P.) — A dozen Polish students seeking political asylum in the West were arrainged today on air piracy charges after hijacking a Polish airliner to West Berlin by Brandishing knives and broken bottles.

A West Berlin magistrate began hearing evidence behind closed doors and afterward was to decide whether to bind the group for trial. They were beld overaight in a West Berlin jail.

Two Hungarian and six Polisb passengers on the hijacked flight, including a married couple and their 4-year-old son, decided to seek asylum too, police added. Three Swedish and one American passenger also decided not to return to Poland. A poll published by the Con-servative daily le Figaro on the eve of the vote indicated that a majority of Frenchmen were against abolishing the death penalty.

Mr. Badinter argued that the French people had made their decision in electing Socialist President Francois Mitterrand, who had declared his intention of abolishing the death penalty.

One of Mr. Mitterrand's first acts after taking office was to reprieve 25-year-old Philippe Maurice, convicted of killing a policeman.

# Poles limit verbiage after Soviet warning

WARSAW, Sept. 19(R) - The Polish authorities and the Solidarity free trade union moved to ease tension today after a stern warning from Moscow.

The warning, delivered by the Soviet ambassador, urged Poland's leaders to crack down on groups hostile to Moscow.

But Solidarity refrained from commenting on the Kremlin message, saying the authorities had shown good faith by publishing some of the union's criticism of a statement by the Polish Communist Party leadership.

The Warsaw daily Zycie Warszawy called for negotiations in line with appeals from the Roman Catholic church. It said the Communist leaders still aimed to build an alliance with all who were not opposed to the system in Poland.

The party's ruling politburo, prompted by the Kremlin call for immediate and radical measures to halt anti-Sovietism, warned on Wednesday of the danger of bloodshed.

Solidarity's branch in Olsztyn was quoted in the official press today as saying that the party document was "an attempt to provoke society and threaten the Polish nation with the use of force and fratricidal fighting." However, Solidarity decided against a rushed meeting of its

national leaders and scheduled the next session for Monday. Zycie Warszawy said Solidarity was still a symbol of hope for millions of Poles, but it said no one knew how free trade unions were

supposed to work in Socialist countries. But despite the conciliatory tone, there were reminders today that

many basic problems remained to be solved. The Solidarity branch in the northern city of Bydgoszcz threatened

to take strike action in October in a fued with Warsaw over the investigation of an incident in March when local union activists were alleged to have been beaten by police.

Solidarity miners in Katowice also threatened industrial action over efforts by the authorities to get them to work again on Satur-

The Communist Party daily Trybuna Ludu said the union was engaged in "manipulation" in the coal mines.

In statements critical of the politburo, published in the official press, Solidarity rejected charges that the union had violated its statutes.

"The government activities are directed not at getting the country out of crisis but at frontal struggle with Solidarity," one published comment said.

Car factory workers in the southern city of Bielsko Biala said in a letter to the Communist Party central committee that the authors responsible for the politburo statement should be put on trial and eliminated from society.

# Massive labour demos in Washington to protest against Reagan's policies

## Karlsruhe gets its Trojan Horse



A statue by Jurgen Goertz let off steam in an unusual way on the day it was unveiled nutside the Badisches Staatstheater in Karlsruhe, West Germany. The three-legged wood, copper sheeting, bronze and plastic horse was fitted nut with a smoke device by a theatrical effects man and let

rip, much to the amusement of the public. Commissioned by Baden-Wurttemberg, the horse, inevitably dubbed the 'Trojan Horse,' is on loan to Karlsruhe. It was a gift originally viewed with misgivings but people have grown to like it.

# Extremism, not general hostility, behind attacks on U.S. forces in Germany

FRANKFURT, Sept. 19 (R) -U.S. and West German officials see the recent spate of attacks against American military men and bases in West Germany as more the work of a cadre of bomb-wielding extremists than widespread anti-Americanism. But they fear that if the attacks

continue -- there have been five during the past three weeks of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) autumn war games here -- they could sap the alliance's strength.

The officials readily accept there is resentment here over the more than 35 years of U.S. pre-sence in West Germany, yet argue

## Hairdresser shot in Belfast

BELFAST, Sept. 19 (A.P.) - A 23-year-old hairdresser was shot to death as he walked home through a predominantly Roman Catholic neighbourbood in Bel-

the effects of the attacks on this resentment was not behind American opinion, security forces the attempted assassination last week of U.S. Gen. Frederick consider them the work of a handful of dissidents, chiefly the Baader-Meinhof Red Army fac-Kroesen and other attacks. Rather, they say, it was the

work of anti-nuclear zealots. tion gang. probably not more than 1,000 in This view is also held by senior number. U.S. army officials. Gen, Kroesen,

who received only minor injuries The majority of West Germans, in the incident, said at a news conwhile not particularly liking the ference later he did not believe his U.S. presence at some 40 instalattackers had much support lations throughout West Geramong the West German popumany, realise the American troops lation are there to shield them from the His feelings were echoed by U.S. Gen. Bernard Rogers, over-Soviet-led Warsaw Pact to their

east, officials say. all NATO commander, who In addition to the attack in blamed the violence on the Red Army faction -- which he described as "a small group of perhaps 1.000 members." Heidelberg on Gen. Kroesen, U.S. army commander in Europe. the incidents include a bombing at the U.S. air base at Ramstein in which 20 people were hurt, and the discovery and defusing of two bombs on railway lines at the U.S. Italy rushes air base in Frankfurt.

to get wanted Aside from the threat to American lives and bases, the U.S. and West German officials, as well as man extradited NATO leaders in Brussels, worry

## WORID NEWS BRIEFS

Chad varns Sudan about troops

N'DJAMENA, Cad. Sept. 19 (R) -- Chad reserves the right to pursue Sudanese toops into Sudan's territory if they continue to attack Chad, a senir government minister has said. Chad alleges that regular Sudarse soldiers are fighting in eastern Chad in support of the reb forces of former Chadian defence minister Hissene Habre. Millou Naimbaye Lossinian, minister of state for rural development, told Reuters in an interview: "We say that if Sudan continues attack us, we shall reply," adding that Chad reserved the right hot pursuit. The minister's statement raised the possibility that ibyan troops could be involved in such oper-ations. The comma der of the Libyan forces in Chad, Col. Rad-wan Saleh, told Reters carlier this week that no distinction was wan Saleh, told Reters carlier this week that no distinction was made between the silvan forces in Chad and Chadian troops.

#### Greel parliament dissolved

ATHENS, Sept. 19 R) — The Greek parliament was dissolved today by presidenth decree and elections were formally proc-laimed for Oct. 18 The decree was drafted by the caretaker government of Prim Minister George Rallis which was sworn in last Thursday to con act the elections, the third since the collapse of the military regize in July 1974. The election campaign is already in full swingand Mr. Rallis will address a mass sally in Salonica, northern Greece, tomorrow.

Drug abuse ligh among U.S. personnel

WASHINGTON, Set. 19 (R) — Almost half the American soldiers and sailors bed in Europe have taken drugs or alcohol while on duty, accoding.to a congressional study released recently. A survey of nearly 2,009 low-ranking troops found that almost 43 per cerio f army soldiers, and nearly 50 per cent of sailors, had taken drug or alcohol during duty within a month in being interviewed. The study also showed that 60 per cent of non-officers on the air raft carrier. Forrestal used drugs while on duty and that nearly me third of the navy sample had used amphetamines known "uppers." Nearly 40 per cent of the army soldiers occasionally so ke cannabis, chiefly bashish of Middle Eastern origin, which the study said "may be cause for alarm." It said the percentage of pldiers smoking cannabis daily remained unchanged at 16 per cent from a survey taken in 1978 but that the use of hard drugs such a heroin had declined to four per cent from over 10 per cent three lears earlier.

### Prince Clarles on his catnaps

NEW YORK, Sept. 19 (...P.) --- If you see Prince Charles with his eyes closed and his face expressionless at some regal rite or ceremonial celebration is may not be mediating on the glories of Great Britain. He may be sleeping. In an interview with Good Housekeeping magazine the heir to the British throne says one of his most difficult duties is trying to yawn. "I fall asleep very easily," he said. "Standig up, sometimes." In the interview, in the October issue, Charles said he has noticed that he's treated differently in city and country. "Do an engagement in London and virtually nobody turns out," he said. But "the moment you getout of a built-up area, people are much friendler, more genuine." He finds it "maddening" that people get nervous in his presence."1 find that when I visit... after 20 minutes, when it's time to kave, people start relaxing," he said. "They discover you're reasonably human. They relax just when it's time to go. Which is maddening because you go on to the next place and you've got to start allower again." again."

Man throws egg at Irish M.P.

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WASHINGTON, Sept. 19 (A.P.) - Employing the tactics and the march paths of protesters of vesteryear, organised labour and its allies are using sheer numbers to express their dissastisfaction with U.S. President Ronald Reagan's economic and social policies.

Tens of thousands of union members, civil rights activists, women and environmentalists converged on the nation's capital today for the Solidarity Day pro-

# **O'Conner debate shows** rift within American right

NEW YORK, Sept. 19 (A.P.) — An old Conservative's blast at the "new right" this week illuminated sharp philosophical differences within the coalition which elected President Ronald Reagan.

The combatants were Sen. Barry Goldwater, patriarch of the Republican Party's right wing, and the Rev. Jerry Falwell, the television evangelist who is a new and powerful political force.

The immediate issue was the nomination of Sandra Day O' Connor to the supreme court, over the objections of Rev. Falwell and other religious-based groups which found her opposition to abortion to be less fervent than they wished.

The old right won this round, but the differing aspirations of the religious reformers and the economic reformers are likely to clash again, forcing Mr. Reagan to disappoint one side or the other.

"Religion," Sen. Goldwater declared in a speech last Tuesday, "has no place in public policy."

Saying he was "sick and tired of the political preachers." Sen. Goldwater said the danger of mixing religion with politics could he seen in Northern Ireland and Iran.

Mr. Falwell, head of Moral Majority, rejoined: "I have been a strong supporter of Sen. Goldwater, but his warning to me and to · other Conservatives will not deter us from our constitutional right and duty to speak out on the great moral issues of the day."

To Sen. Goldwater, groups such as Moral Majority represent a force outside the left-right spectrum in which he is accustomed to fighting.

Overwhelmingly defeated in the 1964 presidential race by Lyndon Johnson, Sen. Goldwater was once a lonely advocate of many of the policies which Mr. Reagan is implementing. The Christian right, personified by Rev. Falwell and the anti-abortion campaign of the Roman Catholic church, is something new since 1964.

As a candidate, Mr. Reagan identified strongly with those who wanted to ban abortion, restore prayer in the public schools and even with those who doubt the theory of evolution. As president, Mr. Reagan has been preoccupied with the economy.

The split between the economic reformers and the moral reformers cropped up nearly as soon as he took office.

Rev. Falwell had initially called the O' Connor nomination a "disaster," saying she had voted to legalise abortion and had supported the equal rights amendment, which would guarantee the legal equality of women.

Mrs. O'Connor presented herself as a mainstream Republican. with ideas about justice, the role of the courts and family values. which could hardly be faulted by the Moral Majority. She said she was personally opposed to abortion, but steadfastly refused to give. her legal opinions on the 1973 supreme court decision which legalised abortion throughout the nation.

Mrs. O'Connor won support from Liberals and Conservatives alike on the Senate Judiciary Committee, which endorsed her nomination 17-0.

Last Thursday, Moral Majority conceded defeat, saying it would, neither support or oppose the nomination before the full senate.

test, a march that seemed likely to attract 200,000 people and rival any demonstration seen here in recent years. At the AFL-CIO headquarters,

where leaders of the labour federations made final arrangements yesterday for today's demon-. stration, officials refused to show any emotion over a Labour Department statement which said the mass march was ill-advised. The Labour Federation organ-

ised the march, and recruited its allies in the civil rights movement. to vent anger over President Reagan's deep cuts in spending on their cherished social programmes. Mr. Reagan decided to spend

been established for the killing. the weekend away from the White House, travelling late yesterday from a speaking engagement in Denver to the presidential retreat at Camp David, Maryland. The president has made no public statements about the protest march, the first major show of resistance to Mr. Reagan's prog-

ramme. But in a statement issued in Labour Secretary Raymond Donovan's behalf, special assistant Earl G. Cox said: "This administration wants to work with all Americans to impove the economy. And we want to work after midnight. closely with the leaders of organised labour. But we can't do that when they put on their partisan political hat and set ont to oppose our programmes indisthird places.

criminately.

"I feel great" she said, wiping

Participants in the March travelled to Washington by car, van and bus. But in a show of sympathy for some 12,000 air traffic controllers fired by Mr. Reagan for striking, they refused to fly.

that the incidents could split the fast early today, police reported. alliance's leader, the United "This killing has all the States, from NATO's chief Eurohallmarks of a random sectarian pean force, West Germany. shooting," said a spokesman for They say that the Warsaw pact

would benefit. the Royal Ulster Constabulary. But he said no specific motive had But while West German officials are publicly concerned about

# **Black girl crowned Miss** Zimbabwe after race row

SALISBURY, Sept. 19 (A.P.) -A 24-year-old black was yesterday crowned Miss Zimbabwe after previous pageant organisers were charged with rigging the con-Zimbabwe. test in favour of white contestants. Juliet Nyathi won the title at the

Seven Arts Theatre here shortly Sbe was chosen by ten judges -eight blacks and two whites -- who also picked blacks for second and

away tears, afterwards. "The whole thing was fairly

But news of the agreement was

involve military installations.

London agreement and said, while

visiting nearby Panama, "It is in

no way a final treaty and 1 can see

dangers in the future."

judged," said journalist Stella Day, one of the white judges."We were under no pressure." The Miss Zimbabwe pageant

was postponed a week previously after the organisers, hotelman, pulled out of the contest amid cries that they wanted a white Miss

> Tim Horgan, the Irish-born restaurateur-businessman who heads hotelman, counter-claimed that the sponsors, the international Lever Brothers Group, specifically wanted a black Miss Zimbabwe. Lever Brothers denied the charge.

The row erupted after it was announced that only seven blacks made provincial semi-finals. The semi-finals, judged by 18 blacks and eight whites, produced seven whites and one coloured (mixed race) for Friday night's finals.

from Canada

MONTREAL, Sept. 19 (R) -Francesco Piperno, an alleged Italian guerrilla leader, has been arrested for the second time in 10 days after a request from Italian authorities who want his extradition to face murder charges, police said.

Mr. Piperno, 39, was arrested at Mirabel airport last night as he was about to board a flight for Paris.

He was first arrested on Sept. 9 but was freed earlier yesterday after a superior court judge ruled that the charges in the original Italian arrest warrant were not extraditable offences under the century-old treaty between Canada and Italy.

While he waited anxiously at Mirabel for an evening flight to France, Italian authorities, who say Mr. Piperno is leader of a Marxist urban guerrilla movement called Autonomia, rushed to get him arrested again in Canada.

A new arrest warrant was issued after a long court hearing yesterday, adding murder to the original charges of importing weapons illegally and belonging to a subversive group.

LONDON, Sept. 19 (A.P.) - A man threw an egg at Irish Nationalist Member of Parliament Owen Carron and scuffled with one of Mr. Carron's colleagues as he went to deliver a petition on behalf of Irish hunger strikers to Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher here yesterday, police said. A Scotland Yard press officer, who declined to be named, said the egg did not strike the legislator. However, the British Domestic News Agency Press Association said an egg hit Michael McCloskey, brother of Irish hunger striker Liam McCloskey, on his 47th day without food in the Maze prison. The spokesman said a crowd of onlookers began shouting abuses as Mr. Carrin and Stephen Doherty - who said he was 23, unemployed and lived in West London -- began. scuffling with Mr. Carron's associate.

## \$425,000 U.S. home for prince

NEWTON, New Jersey, Sept. 19 (A.P.) --- Prince Moulay Abdul-lah of Morocco has purchased a six-bedroom, \$425,000 home as "appropriate" student housing for his son, who was expected to reside there when attending Princeton University. The sale was disclosed in a suit filed yesterday in which one real estate fimi: charged another was cheating it out of a commission on the sale of the large stone house.

Dam survives Yellow River floods -

PEKING, Sept. 19 (R) — A big hydro-electric project on China's Yellow River has survived threatening floodwaters although dykes in three downstream areas were breached, the New China News Agency (NCNA) said today. No casualties have been reported in China's latest flood menace. The agency said the flood crest had passed the hydro-electric project in remote Qinghai province, which had been protected by a hastily-erected dam.

## **Belize -- protected for how much longer?** By Olin McSeveny neighbours in this volatile region

BELIZE CITY - More than 100 years of British colonial rule over Belize end tomorrow but widespread concern about neighbouring Guatemala's intentions could dampen the independence celebrations.

Guatemala, maintaining a off the Belizean coast.

long-standing claim to the territory severed consular relations with Britain and Belize earlier this month and refuses to recognise the sovereignty of this new nation of 150,000 people.

The century-old wrangle between Britain and Guatemala over this Central American country appeared to be over in March when a preliminary settlement among the three parties was signed in London.

Guatemala agreed to drop its claim in return for port and navigational rights and the use of two tiny coral islands in the Caribbean.

designed to iron out the final details before independence were broken off. Stressing that Guatemala would

not accept what it called a unilateral granting of independence by London, Foreign Minister Rafael Castillo said: "When the English leave Belize we will then be able to start the process of renegotiations."

greeted by widespread rioting in Looking forward to the inde-Britain's last American mainland' colony because many people saw pendence celebrations which will begin at the stroke of midnight it as a sell-out to the Guatemalans. tonight, a Belizean official said: "Undoubtedly the lack of an agreement with Guatemala has cast a shadow over the entire festivities."

> cratic Party (UDP) opposes independence under the present circumstances and has pressed unsuccessfully for a referendum. The UDP, the local chamber of

and Britain of backing down from have said they will boycott the their pledges, and discussions ceremonies which will be presided over by Prince Micbael of Kent, representing Queen Elizabeth.

While Belize appears split over the timing and conditions for independence, there is unanimity in the hope that the 1,600 British troops stationed here will remain as long as possible.

Though Guatemala's armybacked government has moderated its threats to take over Belize by force, Belizeans view their neighbour with deep suspicion.

"The (British) troops must stay here and protect us from the Quatemalans whom nobody trusts," a Belizean said, looking westwards towards a country some 50 times the size of Belize in

Undeterred by an overwhelming United Nations vote in favour of unfettered independence for Belize, the Guatemalan government has

asked the U.N. Security Council to investigate its complaints over Britain's handling of the issue.

It has closed the border crossings and ended all commercial traffic with Belize, including the short daily flight over the jungle frontier which is constantly patrolled by the British army.

its victory every five years since Britain, forced to increase its It promises to continue expansion military presence four years ago ing the country's econom when Guatemala massed troops through increased agriculturproduction and hopes to build. on the border, has promised its troops will stay "for an approp-Belize's considerable tour riate period" after independence. potential. But most Belizeans, pointing to

Asked about the future, a loc official said Belize would probab Britain's military withdrawal from virtually all its former colonies. tighten its links with Caribbes believe the troops will go evencountries rather than with Cerit. tually, leaving only a tiny, locally-America. Descended mainly from Afr

Belize has been spared politic

turmoil during its 17 years (

The ruling People's Unite Party (PUP), slightly to the left (

the opposition UDP, won the fir

general election and has repeate

internal self-government.

recruited defence force. can slaves, British settlers an "Something will have to be local Indians, the English worked out with the Guatemalans speaking Belizeans appear has in the long run or the lack of secmuch more in common with urity will simply keep away Jamaica and other former Brits badly-needed foreign invest-Caribbean colonies than the ment," one foreign diplomat said. Spanish-speaking neighbours. In contrast to some of its · · · · · · - Reuter

مكذاحت الأجل

population.

Guatemala than accused Belize commerce and some trade unions

Opposition to the settlement grew when Guatemala hinted that its use of the two islands could Belizean Prime Minister The opposition United Demo-George Price promptly began to stress the provisional nature of the